

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CARLO TRESCA

PART 2 OF 10

BUFILE: 61-1335

Carlo Tresca

Section 2

PERIOD FOR WHIC I MADE: 10-21-23

REPOF

GEO. J. STARR.

TITLE AND CHARACTUR OF CASI

NEW YORK CITY 10-31-83

In re: O'ARLO TRESCA. Personal advertisement in N.Y. WORLD. 10-20-22

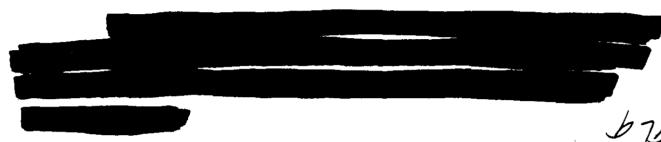
MOISTVICE

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At New York, H.Y.

Reference is made to page 2 of Confidential report noted

below.



ATTENTION. COLLEGE MEN!

WANTED, two hikers, apparently college men, who ate in lunchroom between Wheeling, W.Va. and Zanesville, B., near Cambridge, about 5:30 A.M., June 27, While hiking to Columbus. They talked with an official of the United Mine Workers about impending lamor troubles These two young men can assist insaving lives of thirteen men. VITALIA IMPORTANT. If you do not know anything yourself pass this along: Telegraph at once collect to EARL LEMIS, St. Clairsville, O.

obtained will be submitted to Bureau immediately.

There is attached to this report a clipping from the New DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

York American for 10-31-22, which gives the details of the above matter. This clipping was sub-

mitted by Special Agent R.W. Palmera.

ROOVER

Clipping attached to Washington Copy.

Any information

Department of Instice,

Thursau of Investigation.

THE YOUR CITY

May 6, 1922.

G. A. Phot, Isquire, Tapachasak of da kida, Purasa of Auvickkasika, Em. 410, Jashington, D. G.

Rm. 410, Lashington, 1 Hy dom La. Buch:- P1-1036

to to Derlo Targer actions. The men is very crutious, after all, the it coses have to the actually incriminating. Moreover, and files have the in each an impossible condition - we have absent and the each an impossible condition of all these count the angle of ticeuse, and eaperently are to get them only "when the same of the desert grow cold"- that I have had to make the filesties. I have also consulted other memoranda in the important office have, but do not find anything of a grass natural left had not in its own possession. I hope that I get -- had I allevo it is about all there is worth while-

Vory truly yours,

Robert a. Boren.

TWO LEES ON THE MEMORITHES

BUKEAD OF HIVESTIDAT NY

DELIVERS OF 1887 WE

HOOVER

FIF

0.15

CARLO TRUSC. ARTICLES IN 11 HARTILLO LURIL 25, 1919-144 5, 1922.

recently the meekly sublication edited by Carlo Tresca, affords in every issue at united evidence of its a modelst character, there have not been appropriate or cigned articles by Tresca himself of an incrimination ration in their entirety. Reportedly this publication was declared to be non-mailable under the Espionage Act because of a detached statement, so the specific pack, in above stabiling or personally sourcibus artole, or because of an editorial mainly of Italian interest whose revolutionary doctrine might be considered to have a general amplicability, and so a specific, applicability to this country. To this respect, tresca was a continual offender against the isotoms a act, and his caper boars full ovidence of the penalty by thus gain for his determination to offende.

and an example the respects properly by myself does not disclose vary each of first rate importance along the lines desired-perhaps, it discloses no him of such importance. I am conving below the few signed arkieles of any importance, and an editorial or two presumably writted by Presch in his official supecity as editor. As for other articles, such as revolutionary statements by Lenin, Liebknecht, and others, I pass them by as no more incriminating to either Tresca or

61-1335-67

In Martallo the a section subticlicity of suc articles to a multiplicity of other aditors and addications which flourish more or less health addy under our benign laws.

In April 1919 there was published by Il Martello a circular signed by Carlo Treson, entitled For Cur Fublication and Propaganda. I give it in full.

"בונכ" מונכליי מונכליי

"No are traversing a historical period of flames. The bourgedisia world vacillates. The fire which they thought could be smothered with vile calumnious; the Easian revolution which they wanted to starve by means of the blockeds, that they wanted to strangle with a circle of beyonets is blezing, excending and conquering. From Dessia to Commany, to Bohamia, to Hungary and Pulgaria, and while the fire of the social revolution continues to negotiate the hourgooisie world, destroying privileges and typesmiss, the representatives of the Allied Governments, for estima the promises made in the name of a vain and lying homocracy, are dividing the world in pieces, assigning to this one and that one zones of influence, colonies, cities and provinces, and offer Germany a peace which is a reposition of trest-Litovsk, of neferious memory.

"The boundary lines are precise: this way revolution, that may reaction.

"The eyes of all proleterians who are parting to see Europe liberated from the last vestige of secret diplomacy, from imperialism, and militarism; the eyes of all the refels who are struggling to everthrow the Bourgeoisis class, pro-creators of exterminating wars, are now turned towards Italy.

"The future of Europe is now in the hands of the Italians prolateriant who by means of a revolution could liberate itself from the weight of the Church, Monarchy, and Capitalism, and could also render more secure the position of the Soviet Gov't., of all Fussia, re-light the communist fire in Germany and awaken the masses of the two callied Governments of Frence and Eugland.

"Thousands and thousands of works are returning to Lealy from America. If they returned illumined by our propagated they will go there to increase our ranks, they will go there to add fuel to the revolutionary fire which the Italians brothers are always beging burning.

"On account of this most important reason

"To one can deny this on our side the task is being solved the best may we know how. Six thousand cooles of the "ETO OWAD", the much appreciated special number issued in defense of calumniated Russia, have been traveling from one and of the United States to the other to ancount e, to spur, to inflame.

"We want to continue, we want to persevere. Tasida the pauchlats, we mad the raview which is being repeatedly held up. "Il Lartelle" very recently suffered a tarrible blow. The fury of the fostal Authorities hurled itself are just number 5 and 8 during the month of April.

"de had decided to issue "Il Martello" weekly, to be in a better position to assiduously defend our principles so ferociously attacked by those who profit the most by the gloomy times of reaction.

"But we had to parry the blow. We are compelled to oblish "Il Martallo" three times a month. The recented seigores beat us down. To maintain a good front to the necessities of the present time, to intensify our prograde, to keep solid "Il Martello", like an oak tree that fearlessly defies the reactionary hurricane, it is necessary that everyone does his duty, more than his duty. We feel keenly now as nover before the necessity of our properance if "Il Martello" is sustained at this time, it will contribute to awaken the consciences.

"You must, as you always have, cooperate with us to have the dire of idealism always lit.

"Inclosed find a book containing our stamps of processed. The stamp is a very efficacious method for the spreading of ideas. Wet us use it widely. Every letter that you write to a friend, every letter that one of yourfriends or so-worker writes to an acquaintance must be a messenger of our ideas.

ton cents ouch. Fork towards making theuse of the red stand general among the Italian workers.

"To have addressed this letter to you because we have noted that you are amongst those who ramain
standfast in the ram as, make sacrifices and work. We have
addressed our letter to you because we feel a soured that
you understand the impossibility to continue the publication
of Il Martello" on account of the repeated sequestions,
without the persevering, constant enthusiastic co-operation
of the faithful. The profits from the sale will be used
for----the stame which we use many times in order to circulate "Il Martello" in spite of the censor. Don't disappoint
us by your indifference. Encourage us instead by giving us
your support.

Yours FOR THE INTERM TIGHT REVOLUTION, (SIGHED CARLO TRESCA)

The regular is a cold to extelle for April 10, 1919 contained an editorial on Special in an executation. I just the latter half of it, though all of it is recently by the spirit of revolutionary subversiveness. Deferring to the mention deportation of Russians, the writer states:-

"More than 100 hussians are threatened with deportation simply for belonging to the Eussian workers unions.

"In turn lined citizens are equally involved: Their citisonship is taken from them.

"This liberty-hilling campaign, which has no comparison in the old Tussia of the Czar, has but one aim:
that of breaking the eachbor of the workers novement,.
In the striking the bolder, more allert, more courage
cone militants belonging to the red battellions of the
production among, by reducin through terror, to submission, silence and obedience, those slaves who are
trying to draw themselves.

"The descriptions are used as a terrible threat against the thresends of workers come here from all varts of the world with the conflidence they would find bread loss black and less hard, work less painful and better liberty.

"Le the emican did not inspire form, even so deportation will not bord the backbone of those who here faith.

"No carse you bow gooisie recublic. You may imprison us, not can blind us, but ideas cannot be described. The ideas which will germinate will bear which. It will be those ideas which will only each the slaves on whose ample, curved should ers your contonians are today resting.

"Idanc are not imprisoned; are not deported they remain.

"de curse you on lying Republic. de denounce you before the world.

entitled The Two wars, and signed Ego Sum. whether this I Am was really Preson of hot is not clear, though as editor of Il Martello he at least sands responsible. The Paragraphs quoted close the

"Tovelation will triumph. hovelution is on the warch. It company it a, liberty and percenthese are the strong disirar of humanity which the international revolution of the prolateriate only can satisfy.

"The structed has become and must be fought to the extreme: Bither the bourgeoisis triumph and the working classes of the world will still be threatened by the most degrading slavery and loaded down by heavier and more numerous chains or the colletonian victory with the triumph of justice, heaviered fireformity.

"The struggle was begun. We live in an epoch of revolution.

"May, Holy May of ideals, beston, inflams hourts with your baseficiant rays."

... aditorial in the Loril SC, 1919 issue, Diberty for All Folitical Victims rands as Collous:-

"workness of administ"

"The war for the triumph of world democracy is over.

"The Lar for the triumph of industrial democracy in America is approaching nearer and mearer each day to its last final battle.

The conjusts who gathered large profits are counting the coing from which blood is dripping.

"Laprices porkers sight work in vain.

"The landlords are becoming more greedy and the rents are reaching discy had hts.

"Be numerically of contens of America are date to face with starvetica and eviction.

"The American casitalists have more than enough and are living in allesure and luxury.

"The imprison worker is worrying for his daily bread, nover certain.

#2007 all Delsa Star the victorious car dor the triumph of world democracy.

"Bugane V. Dets. Yom Mooney, Mate Richards, O'Hare, Bill Haywood, Luigi Farenti, Fistro Nigra, Giovanni Faldazzi, Fistro Ferri, Fistro Tobba and hundreds of others of the champions of the workers movement have been thrown into American prisons.

"Other soldiers of the great cause of labor coming into

the second distance of the creat strople are caught by the second destroy and destroy having here societies and for well meanto 35 years.

"The espioners and, excepted to punish German spies, is continuously used to cruse the laboring class of America, imprisoning those who ascure the defense of the oppressed, who dare to remain loyal to the interests of our class in soits of the flattenies and threats of the dominating classes; who dare to unmask the Maisers and the Czars of America to present them to the mass of the discarded, for such they really are, depicted of the lying cloak of democracy.

"normars, Boldi we and Sailors! No appeal to you to affirm your rights you sulfar, you who must cause the spoliation of man by man to cause.

"Those who are in prison for you, to you are looking with anxiety because they await their liberty through you.

"Despit your fectory: %. With the general strike ask for the liberation of all political prisoners.

"Hurrah for the ceneral strike.

"Agitate, Agitate, close your ranks, hold our flags high, let us free the existences of our war.

From an aditorial, Silamos Feast! - in the October 31, 1919 issue of Il Martelle I quate as follows:-

"Cho of the editoris of "Il Progresso" does not earn his meany very honestly......It has now entered his heal to meddle in our affairs and he brands helatosta (moter the inarchist) as a neutral..........There is being debated to-day among our commedes in Italy, the important question of the dictatorship of the proletariat. Requested to give an opinion on the subject, commede helatests wrote a letter from London which appeared in the Volenta (in anarchist paper) which reads in part as follows:-

"The proletariat is naturally concerned in it as the peoples are concerned in democratic regimes, that is, simply to hide the real state of affairs. In reality it means the dictatorship of one party over another or rather the leaders of the party; and dictatorship in the real sense..., with its agents ready to enforce the law by mans of arms which to-day are used to defend the revolution from its enemies and to-morrow will be used to impose the will of the dictatorsh on the workers...." words which "Il Fregresso comments on as follows: "The search rave ords over which the careless advocates of the dictatorship of the proletariat should meditate."

"Contain and malitate at ampth, a as to a void-like the dick angle of Robespiarra whi loads Robespiarre to the guillotine ad opens the way to Repelema (these vords are earlied that the quoted article but are used as a commant by II wartallo and not included in the amount matter) to avoid that the future dictatorship of the proleteriat may have to prepare for a return to the ast regimes.

"The long-cared individuals of Il Progresso faign ignomomed of the first heat halatesta is in favor of the dictatorship of the rollstaries which signifies real power of all the combers intent on everthrowing capitalistic society, a dictatorship which would become anarchy as soon as reactionary resistance cases and no one pretends to compel the masse, by the use of force, to work for and obey him."

December 1, 1919 isame, for Mections in Italy, is not nominally concerned with everice, I copy it in full as of importance in dierectly because of its journal applicability.

"The elections have passed. In its stood remains the revolution which is on the warch, swelling the ranks, devoloping power and throwing flashes of faith and hopo. The abstentionists said, "dont vote" so also said the Amarchists, the Swedierlists and the Socialists, because someon members of the official socialist party were convinced that this was not the time to waste in electorial cameaigns but the time for revolutionary action.

"The preschoners of our colonial press; still in the dark as to the result of the election, began to scream when the Socialists seems to have been defined.

"Man the light appears leter or showing that the Socialists hal reined a victory, the Editors of our cohomist press is a distaly began to take to cover, rosming about for excuses.

"Pay "ornl some consolation in the fact that the bourgeoisie had abstrained from voting. But with the news of the great social projectory, came also the news of the excentional abstractionism from the hallot boxes. The Biled to vote? was the question answered by Barsotti.

"The bourgaoisia came back the answer, and then they started to minimize the Socialist victory;

"The hour edisio keeping away from the poils? But is that not their institution? Why should the bourgeoisie desert

their of self-limitary inclimation; time of mood, and so occur. I to its existence?

"That a lot of matriculated beasts and these Italian formanties is a prime. Their cars have become so long as to prevent the from hearing the voices of history and facts.

"It was the prolettrian and not the inert passes, indifferent and ignorant. It was the meeple who know and act theat stayed agree the bolle, who did not give went to his class setting the times, to his waith in the revolution by depositing the hellet into a bellet how the weapon which does not destroy the homospicial in the times but stransfers them.

"The revolution is on the run, the bourgeoisis triumphs, crist the plucial Seese of the "Bollettino Della Sera" and of "Il Tro resso", while still flying through the air could be baird the chara of "Viva the King" coming from Deputies, Simpler, Carbineers, Friests, and plain citizens of the bourgeoisis is this heart of and despection.

"Mergover that the general strike, that is, economic action directed by the energy; the general strike in defense of liberty, exceed to free speech and free tought, is board comin at 11 closer, the inovitable runding of a revolution of the execution.

The two example, the provolution is not a revolt. The revolt that may be an original of the revolution, is many times smothered, revolution in concessod be violence sout and est from the big a power, but the revolution never. It is the revolutionary source which displays the bourganish distillations and claim visible to those the key their eyes open.

out of livier. The proliterist of Italy has shown by these aritations that bosides its argam, have and sorrow, it could true to its well ergonized etherath, also turn a dominating not reful boundains institution that belonged to the government over 10/ the well-starist.

"In the election have spoken they have plainly said that prolettrian I fally is decidedly appliest wer, equinst all wars, and has with a firm voice said to the militarism which theretens its dictatorship, that through here you shall not pass.

"Those elections have said more. Hillians have said, by supporting the socialists condidates, that they refuse not to eccent the reforms promised by the tin in this grave hour of great merising, but instead will consolidate into a solid case of three millian men who desire the most profound repovations and abolition of orivate property.

"You The Communication is blind, " Lit erovokes the condition of Maly by an itrating the sthey have done in The Communication to learners of masses mostly hated and formal be accidalism. Does the bourgeoiste feel strong. Does the bourgeoiste feel strong. Does the implies that this is the best time to attend the authorization. Does the bourgeoiste went to attack it now, before its too late?

"Late them it could be, that this is a meditated, premodit. We a grows in hopes of stopeing the march. It will perhaps should. We donot underestimate the power of the energy. This is 1999 only retend on them. The march may be chosened but out stopped.

"Aba boom misis institutions in Italy are destined to full.

The last and will be spoken in the open square and not in Table out.

(SIND) Carlo Tresca, Dditor.

- I the arril (, 1971 issue of II wartello there was an additional, Flows and Counter-blows which, because of its advocacy of viel man, I so with Indi.

"Victor or have a man violence my dear Pirs! Thus writes the ellipse of any of the biggest, most circulated and author—itative supples of the peninsula, "Il Corriers della Gera."
The Parairie delived recently against the ascaults of a trackless of suppless of the peninsula. If by society the distinguished hireline of the peninsula social fentity as defined by the writers of bourgeois public rights—organized society—we agree with him; but if we are to accept the definition gives by a ordinand desuit, we say no.

"The receipt, is mount a sountaneous agglomeration of men where the intultioned and activity of each individual is placed at the species of this agglomeration for the common good."

Moved the latinitions of society it is simple to deduct that the frecistions not defending the members of society, but there are in the service of the State, the organ of a minority of a small eligerchy of associates, which in the mame of its interests has always practiced fraud, deception and robbery. This is the real and true society. It is true that aff ter the mark nots of violence were committed by the worker; but the hirelinescribbler must reflect, in spite of his shamelessness, that this was reaction, an act of valorous rebelling acainst the acts of violence that the masses had submitted to for centuries.

"Let us make ourselves well understood. By acts of violence is means not only those acts which sim a individual suppression; but also all those acts which under the mask of law

pud coll obstanct the development of productive ectivity of the light partial his libe by and the right to setil while burnel measurement.

"In this lambing lamblic we have prohibition and in some States the blue laws.

"Are these not a cts of violence you must esteemed hireling of the pen of "Il Corriero della Sera?"

"ant to travel or me row her some I shall raise the wines or in time invition and fly to those misorable quarters, in the cornars of all the metropolis of the corld and gage upon timet glooty and desolate picture, on those exex groups Tying in the refuse of the guttor, in those damp and asphyxisting bsements, without sir or light, while tuberculosis and typhus and all too infectious diseases caused by malnutrition and filth play have with children and adults and then I ask myself if a 11 this horror is not the result of acts of violence. I still would be curious to ask the editor of that won an incontent paper how many children of the poor and how mean children of the rich acrive at the ace of twenty. and could what the long rold to Calvary and home! Those who surviva, in ving resched the age of twenty, are forced into different uniforms; they are armed and ordered to sill and be hilled. Thy? Because there is commercial competition between the professional thiswas. There are financial interests, coal mines, wil fields, ivory and fursto steal in tie leaker countries. And while the bourgeoisie shows so much horror because of some ests of violence, for a few window that the Socialists have broken, they have not a finding of process for the military emaditions that have and are bething the morth in blood. Oh: if a smrk of deconcy world lead thom to shame, before crying against the violence of the lower stratem they would bend their ears towards the Valley of Lupesso, towards the Carso, in all the valleys of the Alme and listom to the cries of the wounded and they dying them would turn their eyes over the mangled bodies of helf a million vouths, glance around in the streets of the large cities, in the shall villages, everything and blush for shame, if it is negsible for them to blush when seemaking of the violance of others.

"Violence, therefore, brings on violence my dear Sirs and it will not be pour Massioti was will step it. In the news of what justice, of most feeling of humanity, writes the hireling sombblar, have you carried on a propagania for violent ravolution?

What too name of what principle of right, sir hireling, have you unsercood the praise in fripoli, and, by your war, have you take the lift of more than two millions youths?......

"No revolution was ever broughton through the collective proparends of the majority, but it was always begun by a darking minority. The majority began to move after the early successes of the minority. What is wards three to a arthron w Pastile but that manter year accompaished by our hundred haroes led by our hundred haroes led

"If the walker of The Corriero believes to frighten up, by distortic blatchy and say that the revolution in Italy can of trimanh because it is not founded an justice and because it had not the all of the bourgedisie, he is mistered. He emittings do us more good them harm. He advise his, however, to reflect on what he himself writes and that is that rindowed creakes violence."

Il Martable, of a wil 8, 1951 contained a discussion of the general European situation, to argument resolving itselfinte a call to the Communists to out an end to such a situation, and concludes with the advice "are eva "or an eye, a tooth for a tooth, and themind directed to read the inevitable, to end the invincible."

g Il Partol'e effor las, 1981 contained the relleving:-

"Posttain it (Communism) according to us, it is necessary to is different that all be free and test all possess the mores of exaduction; that no one impose his own will on see them and that so one shall o'line another to work for him. And it is to malise these conditions that we halieve in the necessity of the violent revolution. One estimated that chattele (the Government) is overthrown all violence will be useless, barmful and criminal."

In the follo of the 17th of September, 1921, in an erticle, Molf in Sheep's clothing, angel the assessmation of the Pascisti Deputy, Ex. Bothi, who had recently arrived in America. Here was an instance of a Particular language as or in its own words and by may of quotation from the Toda Umanita Prove inciting through the U.S. mails, and otherwise, the assessmation of an Italian visitor to this country. There was also enother article to the same officet signed by Caylo Presca himself, addressed to the confere of the United States of America. The ontire issue we live over the training of the assessmation of Pothi.

A second to Tream and the deplicate, bearing only the title II Martello, was published, and circulated under the title Controlians rescision. The October typical issue also had a signed article on the

same sub bet.

Solicitor of the east Viller Department as well as in an report to the Department of Machine. I do not not that the matter is very partment to the issue in bend; the fact that Carlo Preson put himself on record mublishman and the constant of a fallow Italian- even though he did so therefore the eventual of approx of the nest office- being no particular offense. I suggest, in the lack of any definite accomplishment.

I think the restant. The Lavolution, also reproduced in post oard form, and directated the only the agency of Carlo Grases is worthy of montion here as a most appealing manner of putting the idea of the use of torch and guased med in the interest of revolution before the eyes and minds of these inclined.

There has not been anything of recent date in II wantelle by Treases that I have felt in creant enough to make a point of in my morthly resorts, found a few translations have been made and have gone do mate diship ten. Lock as the exhibition made has this little report and appear, I believe it covers all of any possible autivable actionship maters that has been published by Carlo Treases over his own name, or his estimated responsibility. That is not to say that the entire spirit and appear of II wantelle and its editor is not sub-versive and falsed in the extreme.

pages of Il Martello are full.

Touther, a mader, in mathematica "We bille"

Lot the smoolings of the fifth rise! Lamy May the direts have passed, and still make more will pass. One day the flourish of trumpets of the red legions played bymns of victory; the day of the last struggle seemed to be so mear. And then this eminious day appeared mearer to us, and giving our cars to the infinite, we thought we heard the beating of drums and the rhythmic steps of the red phalanges. And then they came. All around us the gloomy and terrible resection was reging, but far away, in the Russia of the Mirture. They army marched, conjuored, ascended. And now? They would like to have us subdued. They are out to us! Find your back to the inexerability of distory; you are defeated.

But we salute the soldiers of the Third Russian Revolution, we tip our hats to the martyrs of the Common of Cromstad, and we still hood, and we clavete our gaze toward the sun of Thy, the beautiful topid sun, and renow the promise.

To discoura count, O Comrades! And in this day of emuliance think of cour newspaper, of MARTALO, which has always besten on the iron of prejudices, which is still besting, which will mo on beating without pause.

Welr it! Systain it! Spread it! (SIGNED) CARLO THISCA

a state ant of Ourle Preson's in the Rod Guerd (Fest Amerdia) for May 1, 1980.

"In angest 1914, f. a milgrim of faith, sat foot upon the soil of the mited states. Then a tolerated guest, now hated and most under surveillance. Then the steamship which was transporting us have, passed before the colossal statue of liberty, a barry joyful musuas made to the dack; all eyes became fixed to that lighted beacon, sasking to penetrate the bosom of that domain, symbolizing the greatest of human aspirations.

"Liberty', to see if within could be found a heart that would palpitate for all political exiles, for all shaves of cavitalism, for all disjunctited people of the world.

"My beart best fast, the veins swelled, the blood rushed about in a plittering was ner-

"I had then, as I have not, a materialistic conception of Society: wherever conitalism reigns, there cannot be for the individual nor for the proletarian classes, a besolute, complete liberty.

"Conitalish means oppression of a class through the work of another. But then, I thought with a sense of relief and with greater faith to become sociable, that I was setting foot moon a land ploud by Jerferson and Lincoln, the land blassed with the strongest, the senset, the nurest of boorceasts described and converge

this status, but always as a pilgrim of faith. Lite many of or courses - I will probably be deported before these vibrating pares shall have been read by the Italian workers who small have been read by the Italian workers who small have combat. Chi that torch will never a lin show the resplendency of days gone by:

Thow, I am digillusioned. The land of Jefferson and Lincoln has nothing, but chains, orisons, and torture for those who think fool, and hope for a tomorrow of justice, brotherhood, and liberty.

They fought: I have had my wrists bound with your manacles: I have felt the weight of your clubs; I have tasted the givenity of your hastiles and your tyrant jail keepers, oh, Bourceoisie Republic!

"Like many others I came here to love you. And now

"I am disillusioned. The reason will be found in the following payes." (SIGNED) Carlo Tre coa

May 6,1922.

Robert asger Bores

Department of Justic

TELEGRAM RECEIVED.

New York, November 3, 1922.

Burns.

Washington.

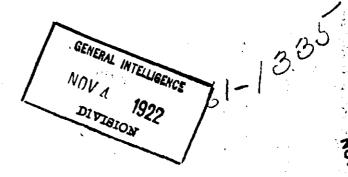


NOV 4 1927

Carlo Tresca leaving New York twelve twenty five A M November, fourth due Detroit seven twenty five P.M. same day starting on two months tour of United States. Itinerary not known. Detroit office notified.

Brennan.

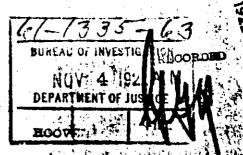
Recd. 6:05 P.M. Decoded LGS.



To the second

Read by NOV 4-1922

Ma. J. Burns



CFR. JR. 61-1335.

Er. R.D. Spencer,

Box 987.

Pattsburgh, Pu.

bear ir -

coordies to information which I have just received - from the low fork office, and I understand you have also been advised, CARROTRAICA is expected in Russeltown, Ps., in the near facture.

The is decired test you cover tresen very closely while in our territory, and should its activities come within the purview of the connsylvenia Flyne Act, the local authorities should be adviced confidentially, in order that action may be below a since in.

Jours very trely,

Mirector.

MITTED.

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation 15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR NEW YORK, N. Y.

November 4th. 1922.

Director. Burcau of Investigation. Washington, D.C.

In re: CARLO TRESCA Alleged Italian Anarchis

Dear Sir:

The above subject lert New York City 12:25 A.M., November 4th, for Petroit, Michigan, where he is due to arrive at 7:35 P.M. the same day.

600

It is understood that Tresca will spend several days in each of the following towns: Cleveland, Ohio, Detroit, Michigan and Busseltown, Pa. Among the towns which he expects to visit in the course of his tour, are: Benla, Ill.; Tarmington, Ill; Nokomis, Ill; Kincaid (?) Ill.; Toluca, Ill; Collinsville, Ill; Herrin, Ill; Bolair, Ill.

Before returning to New York, at the close of his tour, which is expected to last about two months, Tresca may stop off for a while at Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Detroit office of the Bureau has been notified by telegram that Tresca is enroute to that city and an additional telegram has been forwarded, giving his description.

For the information of the Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit and Pittsburgh offices, to whom copies of this letter are being forwarded, the description is submitted shere with:

RECORDED ...V G 1922A.M

DEPARTMENTION JUSTICE

Nevember 4th, 1922.

Director.

"Italian; age - 4b years; height 5'll"; weight 230#; well built; has black Van Dyke beard; olive complexion; very dark brown eyes; may be wearing glasses; usually wears blue serge suit; black leders hat; aloming black tie; light grey coat; carries now leather suitesse."

Any additional in onmation obtained will be submitted to the obtaines interested.

Very-truly yours

SPICILL AGENT IN CHARGE.

GJS: AH

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

588 FEDERAL BUILDING

CHICAGO, ILL. Rovember 7th, 1922.



و في من المنظلة المنافقة و المنافقة و المنافقة ا P. U.BCA 603, ot. Louis, No.

Dear Sir:

ani Huit CARLO TRESCA. Alloged Italian Anarchist.

I om transmitting herowith copy of a letter addressed to the Director, under date: of Novomber 4th, 1922, by EDWARD J. BREITIAN, Special Agent in Charge at New York City, concerning the above entitled subject; inasmich as some of the towns referred to therein, where subject is expected to speak are located in the territory covered by you.

Yours very truly,

JAMES P. ROUNEY.

Agent in Charge.

Was J. Lande

Oc to DIFECTOR and New York office.

JPR:LIMO

hr. Hoover it C. L. #9796-635 CPORT MICH AT: PERIOD FOR WHICH MICH. ST. LOUIS 11-11-22 11-10-22 J. J. McLAUGHLIN ITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE CARLO TRESCA All. Italian Anarchist ACTS DEVELOPED: Receipt is acknowledged of Agent in Charge Rooney's letter transmitting copy of letter under date of November 4th addressed to the Director entitled as above from Agent in Charge Brennan, New York. Wrote a letter to the Chief of Police at the various towns mentioned in Illinois that subject expects to vicit, copy of which is attached and made part of this report. Investigation continued. GENERAL INTELLIGENCE NOV 1 5 1922 DIVISION NOV 2 3 1922

SAME LETTER JEHT CHILF OF POLICE - NOKOMIS, KINCAID, FARMINGTON, TOLUCA, COLLINSVILLE, HERRIN and BELAIR, ILL.

JJH Ma

November 11, 1922.

Please refer to our Ho. 9796-635

CHIMF OF POLICH, Boald, Ill.

Dear Tir:

Re: CARLO TRESCA All. Italian Anarchist

The above subject is from New York City and left there on Hovember 4th at 12:25 a.m. for Detroit, Mich. From Detroit he expects to visit your town as well as some others on his tour. This person is an alleged Italian anarchist. He is described as follows:

"45 years; hoight 5'll"; weight 230%; well built; how black Van Dyke beard; olive complexion; very dark brown eyes; may be wearing glasses; usually wears blue serge suit; black federa hat; flowing black tie; light gray coat; carries now leather suitease. 2

It is requested that you endeavor to ascertain if he has been in your city or is expected there. If you are able to ascertain that he coming, kindly notify me in advance. We are desirous of obtaining full information concerning this person and all with whom he comes in contact.

in this matter, I am.

Very truly yours.

JAMES J. MCLAUCHLIN, Special Agent in Charge.

P.S. - Enclosed find self-addressed envelope which requires no postage for your reply.

REPORT MADE BY: DATE WHEN MADE: PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: REPORT MADE AT. J. S. Apelman Detroit, Mich. 11-15-22 11/3-6/1922 TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: Italian Aparchist, BUREAU OF PHYESTELL CARLO TRESCA. New York City. - 20 1962 At Detroit. 1,500

On November 3, 1922, the following telegram was received

from the New York office of the Bureau:

"Carlo Tresca prominent Italian radical leaving New York 12:25 A.M. November 4th, due Detroit 7:25 P.M. same day. Starting on two month's tour of United States. Endeavor to learn destination after leaving Detroit. Keep Bureau notified regarding his activities."

Inasmuch as SUBJECT was unknown to this office and no deacription was given by the New York office, the following telegram was dispatched by this office on the same day:

" Referring to your telegram Carlo Tresca. Can you furnish description of SUBJECT.

On November 4th, the following telegram was received in

reply:

Referring to your telegram Carlo Tresca stop Italian age forty five height five feet eleven inches two hundred thirty pounds well built has black Vandyke beard olive complexion very dark brown eyes may wear glasses usually wears blue serge suit black fedora hat flowing black tie carrying new leather suitcase wearing light grey coat.

SUBJECT arrived in Detroit at 7:25 P. M. on November 4th, via Michigan Central, and was met at the station by a young Italian who resides at 1982 Division Street, Detroit. They both proceeded to 3104 Rivard Street, where TRESCA was welcomed by a number of leaders of the Ution of Russian Workers and members of the Italian marchist organizations.

HOOVOT-2

Washing to n-Zan Now Yearles, the troit -2.

7-

On November 5th, SUBJECT addressed an Italian meeting held at Laura and Sons hall, corner Watson and Rivard Streets, Detroit.

About 500 persons attended this meeting, and the Italian publication entitled "L'Adunata" (issue October 30, 1922), and a pamphlet entitled "Aristide Ceccarelli" were distributed at this meeting.

Confidential informant who was covering SUBJECT'S move-

mente.

that he aeparted on

November 6th. No details as to the time of departure and destination of SUBJECT could be ascertained.

Investigation closed at Detroit.

Instructions from T pancer, Special Agent in Arge.

REPORT MADE AT: Dr. WHEN MADE: REPORT ADE BY:

Pittsburgh, Pa. Hov. 21,1982 Hov. 31,1982 H.J.LENON.

Title AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

CARLO TRUCCA, Cleveland, Ohio.

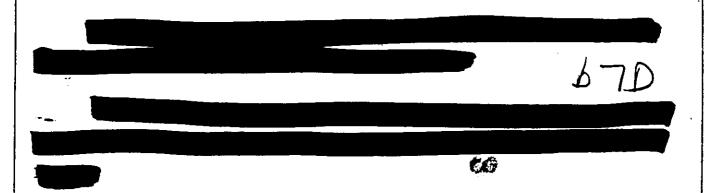
And France.

PACTS DEVELOPED:

AT PITTSEURCH, PA.

Office File To 277 IR.

The following brief massage was received from a strictly.con-fidential informant:-



I later learned that CARLO TRESCA will be in Cleveland tonight, November 18th. He will be the guest of MP.JOSEPH MONTANARI, at his residence and place of business, 2047 Murrayhill Road, and will hold a conference at the Roma Theater, which is located a short distance from Montanari's residence."

Please handle this information carefully, so as not to uncover our informant.

NOV 2.5 1922 61-1335-11

K/ERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Hoover-2

Claveland, Ohio.

LEO

How York, N. Y. J. Starr. .11,1922 Nov.11,1922 TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE RT: CARLO TRESCA - West Va. Tour, September, 1922. FACTS DEVELOPED 1133 at Now York, N. Y. notified this office On Suptomber 2,1922 by telephone that CARLO TRESCA was leaving New York City for a tour of West Virginia on a train out of New York at 5:50 P.M. Sept. 3,1922, arriving Fairmont, W. Va., 8 A.M., on the following day. A telegram was immediately sent to the agent in Charge at Pittsburgh notifying him of the above information.

640

he

had made a quick get-a-way from Fairment because the Police had broken into his room half an hour after he had arrived there. He was out of his room when the raid occurred and did not return to the room. He abandoned about \$200.00 worth of books and drove with a friend by automobile to Pittsburgh and came to New York by train. Later on at a restaurant subject mentioned that some one in the organization must have spied on him and that he was trying to figure out on the man in might have

been.

670

RESCA stated

that he had been shadowed by

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AS TREED

NOV 25 1922

....

FOR VINE

two men as soon as he arrived

Washington 3; New York 2:

ØS: VD)

REFERENCE:

7-1100

at the station. This, according to subject, proved that the Government know what train he was

Informant was instructed to be very cautious as to his conduct in the future.

Search of the siles of this office fails to show that eny report had been received from the Pittsburgh office explaining in detail just what cocurred at Fairmont, W. Va.

670

033-37 .

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

mr mile . 115 7

15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR NEW YORK, N. Y.

Povember 22, 1928.

Director, Bure in of Investigation, Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sire

General Intelligence Division GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

IT NO: CARDO TRESCA Italian Inarchist Activit

I am attaching two copies of a circular printe Italian, the ditle of which is "Chi sono i Tascisti", (Who are ™asciatí ".

The substance of this circular, as translated by teent Palmera, is a protest acciment the Mascisti movement in Italy for their tenament of the radicals, and an announcement that an This rancisti secting on behalf of the "Umanita Nova" will be held in this city at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 mast 4th Street, on November 50th, at 7 m.M. This circular, which is published by the model Culture forhers blub of New York, further announces there will be two drivatio plups "Per la Vita", (For Life), and "La Via del Turadiso", (Peaven's May', miven by the Tra Nuova of Patemeen, N. J. There is also an announcement that there will be apagehas denouncing the Paudisti, to be delivered by Carlo Tresca. Pietro Illegra and Cuneo. The admission is given a fiffy cents.

1. PRIMITA TH OF AN

DEC 4/ 192:

sono H'ascisti.



LAYORATORE!

Mentre l'Italia proletaria si dibatte nella lotta cruenta per la sua liberazione interna ed esterna, sorge dal cozzo formidabile una masnada di avventurieri criminali, pescati nei bassi fondi politici, nei lupanari, nelle caserme, nelle alcove e nei conventi. Frementi dei rossi baglioni della rivoluzione livellatrice di mitre e di sunerhe ambizioni di dominio: paurosi della luce

> lico, come fu consegnato un tempo a Giolitti e a Tanlongo.

Mussolini, tradi prima il popolo che lo sfamò per molti anni alla direzione dell" Avanti!"; si vendette poi ai banchieri francesi, che in compenso gli fondarono "Il Popolo d'Italia" per predicare l'intervento guerresco. Dopo la guerra passò al soldo della pidocchiosa borghesia del paese" e si fece paladino e conduttiero di primaro di scherrani, per soffocare ogni ve-

ciocene possano con più facilità distruggere, shandare ed uccidere la folla stracciona e lavoratrice, che chiede più pane e più libertà.

Nell'opera infame gli dànno una mano gli ex rivoluzionari rinnegati: Mussolini. Bianchi, Rossoni, Tancredi e simile altra porcheria, avida di arrivare alla mangiatoia ministeriale che gli prepara il "Piccolo Re", l'ultimo dei Savoia, e per questo, hanno ridotto l'Italia del popolo ad un naese di barbari, alla merce di tutti i dominatori e di tutti gli avventuricii, proprio come nella decadenza di Roma e durante il Medioevo.

Il brigante-Mussolini, celle mani grondanti di sangue ancor fumante delle sue vittime, come Ramsete III, Genghis-Kan, Nerone, Filippo II, ha da Vittorio Emanuele III consegnato, nel secolo NN, le redini del potece e del dominio Ita-

distrutte dalle orde mercenarie, l'eroismo di Balilla, il coraggio di Massaniello e la generosità di D'Alessi; l'aspirazione delle gloriose giornate del Giugno e dell'Ottobre.

Innanzi a questa decrepita giovanezza imberbe, che tramonta nei profondi gorghi della storia umana, rialziamo lo sguardo all'avvenire e riaffermiamo con più fede e con più ardore i nostri principii rivoluzionari, innanzi a tutti i tiranni; cimentando la nostra incrollabile fede in increasione e prossimo avvenire di giustizia e di libertà, per tutti coloro che lavorano, soffrono e sperano in giorni migliori.

Pubblicato a cura del Circolo Operaio di Coltura Sociale di N. Y.

Grande Serata Anti-Fascista Pro "Umanita' Nova"

tan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., vicino 3rd Ave., N. Y. che avra' luogo il 30 Novembre 1922, alle ore i P. M., al Manhat-

fascista parleranno: Allegra, Cuneo e Tresca. seguira' "La Via del Paradiso". Ettore Parmigiani verra' a rallegrare la serata con le sue insuperabili macchiette. - Della piaga artista Cesare Palmieri dara il dramma in 3 atti "Per la Vita"; La Filodrammatica "Era Nuora, di Paterson, diretta dallo

Pesca - Canto - Declamazioni - Ballo -:- Prezzo Unico 50 soldi

Che Nessuno Manchi!

Pake 1. File 9608. LHS

Cleveland, $6. \frac{11}{22} \frac{11}{16-15} \frac{22}{22}$.

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE.

CARLO TREECA.

Bliss Morton.

Anarchist . GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

FACTS DEVELOPED:

AT CLEVELALD:

Brennan, New York City, dated November 4th, indicating SUBJECT expected to make a tour of part of the United States and to talk in Cleveland, among other places. Aeference also is had to tolegram from Agent-in-Charge Brennan dated the 15th instant, stating SUBJECT was coming to Cleveland in care of JOSEPH MONTANARI, 2045 Murray Hill Rd. and would leave Cleveland about the 18th for Detroit. Reference also is had to telegram dated Movember 17th from Agent-in-Charge Spencer. Pittsburgh to the effect that he had been advised SUBJECT was due the some day or the following day in Cleveland.

Agent was handicapped on the 17th by having all Special Agents engaged on matters that they could not readily be taken off.

Agent, however, through a confidential source obtained the services of who, late on the 17th, located

SUBJECT through MOSPAMARI, whose place of business is at 2047 Murray Hill Road. The informent on the monring of the 18th stated that SUBJECT was to give an address before a smaller on the even
group at the Rome Theatre on the evening of the 18th. Informant stated he

would attend the meeting. He stated DEPARTMENT of Justice 1981.

REFERENCE:

COMES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO

was not keeping himself

Pirect:r - 2; New York, Detroit and

Hoover - 2.

SUBJECT

Pittsburgh - 1 ea.

7-116

In Re: Carlo Presen: Amerehist.

in hiding in Cleveland and apparently was not particularly interested in whether officials how he was here or not. Informant states
that SUEJECT made the following remarks at the Roma Theatre, in
part:

"It has been a long time since I was last here. Several years have elapsed since then, and although sorry. I must acknowledge that the Italian workers of Claveland have not progressed very much in the way of moral emamipation, but as this is not the subject of my conference, and I do not want to digress, I will get down to the starting point.

Most all of you have read something concerning the actual state of things in Italy, and in spite of the fact that the press, mercenary and dishonest, gives to the savage inhumanity of the Italian rescisti, an interpretation that has all the appearance of justice. I am here tonight to tell you that the press lies.

The press paid, controlled, owned by the capitalistic class could not of course, show in its repugnant nakedness all the nafarious actions that the capitalistic class is perpetrating today.

"Faccismo" is not an institution of yesterday, but the majority believe Faccismo is an old organization which has existed in every part of the so-called civilized world way back in the pest, under different names, under different aspects, but always with the same object in view: The oppression of proletariat and the the protection of the masters.

If you go a little back in history, you will find the "white terror' in rinland organized by the capitalists and paid to kill the workers who had awakened to the new corrent of ideas that came from Russia.

Something like Fascismo may be traced in Austria, Germany and we can even trace it in this country at the time when an army of bandits got up in arms to protect the interests of the planters, and maintain the slavery of the negroes.

Most supely. The masters who realized what profits they would lose with the abolition of slavery, recruited an army of cowards and turned it loose to kill. The shameful battles were those of crime against justice, oppression against right, barbarism against humanity, and here allow me a digression:

All ware, gentlemen, have as a basis and origin the interest of the capitalists. In the name of demogracy, humanity, civilization, the innocent all believing easily convinced working

-

In Re: Carlo Tresca: Anarchist.

class is made to rish his family, home and life and is thrown against a similar mass of equally innocent workers of different nationality to slay each other, but the true, exclusive reason of wars is the betterment of the masters at the expenses of the proletarist.

What was the World's War fought for? You will certainly remember what the European countries were preaching in those

days.

France said "We want back Alsace and Lorraine, two provinces that legitimately belong to us and that are constantly crying to return under the skirt of the old mother.' England said 'We fight to abolish militarism.' Italy said, 'We fight to abolish redemptionism, we fight to free Trento and Trieste to reclaim a people who Italian in origin language and cost umes are unwillingly and illegally kept under the domination of Austria." America fought for Democracy.

How that the war is over, now that everybody with a same mind can reason out the facts I want to ask you: Was Militarism abolished? Evidently not, if we take in consideration the fact that France has today 800,000 soldiers ready for action. Then it was not for the abolition of militarism that the war was fought, and if it wasn't for the abolition of militarism it certainly was to satisfy the greed of the masters.

What did all those poor disabled soldiers get, after Trento and Trieste were annexed to Italy. We have read that many of them are today begging the public charity to keep up their unfortunate existence. But no, I am mistaking. The working class derived something out the war, yes indeed, 'Fascismo'.

Defore the war the government could keep the people down through the midium of the priest. This moral enunch dispensing blessing and holy water at any price could with the mirage of a future happy life put to sleep the conscience of the workers and the poor, good, ignorant people went to church, listened to the priest and between the fear of God and the devil and the hope of going to heaven so oner or later suffered in silence, not daring to revolt, but after the war the people were becoming tired of the priest. The worker who had been kept down by obscuritism for centuries began to develop a will of his own and act accordingly. It was then that the government, the masters of industries and the noblemen, considering that the influence of the priest war not sufficient, gave life to Pascismo.

After the German bullets came, the Italian for the working men of Italy. For a moment it was thought the days of
suffering were gone frever, when the steel worker seized the
mills and refused to slave any longer for the masters. For a
mement we thought the example of Russia would have been followed,

7-1149

In Re: "Carlo Tresca: Amarchist.

but unfortunately it was only an illusion. A traitor, Giolitti sold the apirations of the workers and they became more ferocious than ever. 'Pascismo'. The Pascisti insulted, beat, burned, killed, and the masters laughed contentedly at the work of devastation. When will the Italian people revolt?

Elessed be the Ponnish workers who following the biblical citation The for eye, tooth for tooth answer the bullets of the hired thugs with bullets, the dagger with the dagger, arson with aroon. Norkers fall daily in Spain, martyrs of their cause, but the masters fall in equal number, and the masters shiver, feel uncomfortable and resort to every method and means to save their position, and not only at home do they want to feel safe, but they also want to eliminate any menace that might come from abroad.

There stands as a proof of this what they have done against Aussia. Hever before has International Capitalism raved more feroclously than against the Russia of the Workers. Every weapon has been considered good, from the block to the mercenary bayonet.

Clemenceau with a policy of intrigue, intimidation and codection had formed, favored and organized what vest het of small, nominally independent states. I say nominally independent because they were in reality financial slaves of France and the Allied Powers. From Finland to Rumania and even down to the Gaucasian region with Denikine was formed a protective barrier against the threatening expansion of the Communist doctrines put in practice by the Gussian workers. The 'block' created by the English Empire, favored and backed by American Imperialism, tended to kill by starvation the revolution; tended to destroy by starvation the immense fortress of the Communist ideal.

The 'block' killed the babies, women regardless of age and even the sick in the hospitals were inexorbitantly his because not only farming implements locomotives and machinery were depied assassin but even medicine for the sick, and the hypocritical assassin like blood thirsty civilization that wants to starve a whole nation, that kills slowly thousands of children, women and old people, that denies relief to the sick in the hospitals, talks of civilization, tries to find justification in self-defense against aussian atrocities. Hypocrites:

Where is the theory of 'Free determination of people?"
"hy don't they let the Aussian people attend to their destiny?
but this is not enugh. A circle of fire and iron was tightened around Aussia. The war from Siberia to Estopia, from Finland to Georgia; Kolchak, Yudenich, Denikine were paid to extinguish the fire of revolution that warmed up the hearts of Aussian people and with it the hearts of the workers of the world.

A reproduction of the block against Russia is the

7-1160

In Re: Carlo Presca: Anarchist.

Fascismo of today. It is an army of degenerate, perverted criminals who are trying to kill the spirit of revolution in Italy, and there assessins once despised the very same flagulation now they hist and worship.

They are traiters who have sold their conscience for a little money! and they have the moral support of the authorities which insures them immunity for their crimes and the material support of the capitalistic class.

We are falling in a state of political slavery. Our industries are in the hands of thieves. Prices go up instead of coming down and the worker is forced to work more, eat less, die soon. That to do? Can we so any further? Can we accept the socialist's theory telling as that a solution must be reached slowly, gradually, without violence?"

Informant states SUBJECT spoke continuously from reeven to ten P. M. to an audience of approximately 200 men and one woman and that at the end of the speech subscriptions were collected for "Unshita Nova", pullished in Hilan, Italy. Informant further states that SUBJECT went from the some Pheetre to Montanari's residence, and expected to hold a meeting of some kind in petroit about 2:00 o'clock the following day.

On the morning of the 19th when the report of informant was received Agent Rage, of this office, at the request of this Agent, telephoned the Detroit Office concerning SUBJECT'S anticipated visit to Petroit and gave the further information which had been furnished by the informant that SUBJECT probably would speak at the house of the Magees in Detroit.

Matter closed.

. J. Brennan. medial Agentir Charge. Instructions: 0 WHEN MADE: PERIOD FOR WI (H MADE: REPOR W. R. PALLIERA. __-28-22 . 11-28-22 NEW YOLK, ILY. TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE Propaganda Tour in The CARLO TARSCA (ITALIAN ANARCHIST): Central States. -11335 FACTS DEVELOPED: AT NEW YORK, N.Y.: The following is a translation of an article which appeared in "Il Martello" of November 25, 1922, entitled: -"TRESCA'S TOUR"-Our Editor has already spoken in Russeltown, Rent on, McIntyre, Aultmah, Homer City, Bridgeville, Ellsworth, Sharon, all in the State of Pa.; in Lowellville, and Canton, Ohio; in Detroit, Lich.; and Mishawak, Ind. He is now in North Michigan and Minnesota, and then after Milwaukee, he will go to Illinois, where he will speak at Toluca December 1st Mark 2nd 3rdFarmingt on DIVISLUIT 4th Ki nea id 5th & 6th carlinville Benld 7th & 8th 9th Herr in 10th Nokonis Valier llth 5 - 1922DEC DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

WKP.

WRP: MDP

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REFERENCE:

copies of this Report Furnished to: Washington 3; New York 2; Detroit 1;

Pittsburgh 1; Cleveland 1; Chicago 1; Milwaukee 1.

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REPORT MADE AT:		PERIOD FOR WEIGH MADE:	REPU., MADE BY:	DIVISIO	1922
.11. 19.11, 11i cu.	<u> </u>	<u> 11/35-37/33</u>	1. M. 1569:	rpo/	-
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:			DEC 1 1922	11/- 11/60	
OARLO TRESTA		Radic	al 1. W. W	BURNAU OF INV	The Sold
				2	1/3. A
FACTS DEVELOPED:		1	330 Pile	DESCOURT OF	AP STICE
At Saint 2001,	Min wrote:	· \ \ /	900	HOOTES	York

Reference is wate to telegram from Agent in Charge Brenns New fork City, New York, deted November 24th, 1922, which reads as follows:

> "O.ELO TRESO: prominent Italian radical will be at Vireinia, Minaccote, November 25th to 28th, inclusive."

to enginetion of the office files from that CARLO TRESCH has been investigated by this present and reported as "U.S. vs TWE. FILLHOOD, et al., I. W. W. Conspiracy", and reference is made to \backslash reports of agent Manny, buluth, Minnesota, for March 13th and 14th, 1918, and Ament Mearwey, February 1.th, and 14th, 1918, and particularly to report of Adent Polto for October 10th, 1919, entitled "SAM SCARDETT, CARE TRASCA, and JOSEPF SHITF, I. W. W. Activities". There are other remots in the files, but these are the essential ones, and whould be read in connection with this investigation. At the factor, Gine:

्रिप्ति appears from the records in this case that was jointly indicted with a number of other I. W. W.s. for murder committed in 1915, and that several of the others plead guilty to the charge and were sendenced to corve time. The indictment against TRESCA was never pushed for trial for the reason that TRESCA agreed to leave the state and never return. The office records are not conclusive, however, as to just what action was taken by the

Hew York (2) Mr. Hoover. Director (5)

Court in regard to TRESOA. Agent visited the County Court House at Duloth, Hinnesota, and examined the Court Docket in reference to the case of JOS MY NICHIDY, PHILLIP MISONOVICH, et al., Docket No. 5042. The last ontry on the Docket reads as follows: "All files in this case sent to Virginia, minnesota".

At ent interviewed who is connected with the Olliver Lither Company, and has charge of radical Italians. He stated that that the Company, and has charge of radical Italians. He stated that the Company, and has charge of the most dangerous radicals in the Unite. States. He was forcerly a practicing Attorney in Italy, and was disparred because of his radical ideas. He has been on the copper range of Michigan for several days and according to Mr. is there at the present time. Agent secured at Duluth, Minn. bills adverticing meetings to be held by TRESCA at Virginia, and Chisholm, Minnecota, in which he was advertised to speak at Chisholm. Sunday afternoon at 3:.0p.m. at Karl's Hall and at the Italian Hall at Virginia, Minnecota, an Sunday night, at 7:30p.m.

At Virginia, Hinnesota:

Agent visited the Chief of Police, F. A. WITTE, and was informed by him that the daily paper published at Virginia, Minnesota, carried an announcement to the effect that CARLO TAUSCA would speak on Sunday evening at 7:30p.m. upon the Italian Fascisti. He said that he had a plain clothed man on the force.

Italian that might be able to give information in regard to TRESCA.

Agent interviewed who stated that he had received some information in regard to TRESCA from CHARLES G. SERRA, a barber in Virginia, Minnesota, who told him a few days ago that TRESCA.

was going to speak on Sanday night at 7:000.m. and that if he wanted to hear a good speech le should try and de present.

Aront erranged with with him on Sunday evening.

to attend the meeting

b7D

At Chisholm, Minn.:

Ament called on ED. CLOUTIER. Chief of Police, at Obisholm, Minnesota, who stated that he had not heard that TRESOA was to speak, and doubted if such was the case. Ye said that Karl's Fall was in charge of the Chishelm Meet harket, which is below the Hall. The Chief of Police went with Agent to the Meat Market where the manager was interviewed, and he stated that the Holl had been rented for Sunday afternoon, and that bills had been circulated announcing a speech to be given by CARLO TRANSCA, but that Sunday morning an Italian came and stated that TRESCA had been unable to keep his appointment and that they would have the speaking at a later date, and that he would get out pills as soon as it would be definitely decided as to when TRESCA would be present. In order that they might be sure of the Hall he paid We money in advance. The party M.c secured the Hall was M. N. PRIEMBO. Amont was informed by Mr. CLOUTIER that about two thousand miners live at Chisholm, Minnesota, and work in the various mines near-About 60% of them are Finns, 20% Slave and 20% Italian. He says there is no disturbance at the mine at the present time and that the miners are all employed and seem to be satisfied.

At Virginia, Hipa.:

In company with Officer

Akent visited the

Italian Fall, at Virginia, Minn., at 7:20p.m. The Hall was dark and

17D

moon that the reason the meeting could not be held has that THISCA was unable to meet his appointment, but that he expected to speak in the Fall on devember both, if he could get to Virginia, Minnesota, at that time.

Stated that from what he could learn THISCA is coming to the range for the purpose of making plans for unionizing the mining companies. This is the work that he attempted in 1916 that resulted in murder, and after the murder and THISCA'S being indicted the strike was called off. This will be the first attempt that has been made since that time to unionize the employees of the Olliver thining people.

Aront called at the Clerk's office, Virginia, Minnesota, and examined the records in the CARLO TRISCA matter, and finds that there were two cases. No. 1008 being the indictment that was secured against PRILLIP MESONOVICE, JOHN ORLANDICH, JOSEPH MICHICH, JOSEPH CIRRIOGORTOVICH, HILLON LESCHOVICH, SAM SCAREETT and CARLO TRESCA for the murder of JALAS C. MYRON. This is the case in which MICKICH, PRIMIT LESSONOVICE and JOSEPH CERNOGORZOVICE plead quilty and were sentenced to a indeterminate sentence of from one to twenty years. Men the above parties were sentenced, on motion of the County Attorney, the case against CARLO TRESCA, JOE SHITE, and SALI SCAR-LETT was dismissed. Case No. 1009 is an action against all of the above parties for the murder of ED. SCHUBISKY. The records show that this case was also dismissed. The records do not show, however, that TRESCA at that time agreed to leave the state and never return. If such a statement was made by him, it is not a matter of record in the

Court booket. There is a possibility, however, that it appears in the Stenographer's notes taken at the time. The Stenographer who made the record in the case was ROBERT S. TAYLOR and the hearing was before Judge Calif.

On account of the time of the meetings being changed,
Agent returned to Saint Paul, but the meetings will be covered if held.

Agent in making a report on I. W. W. activities was informed by a confidential informent that the I. W. W.s after leaving North pakota, more to meet on the Iron Range where activities were to be carried on in the lumber camps and that trouble was expected on the Iron Range in the Spring.

Copy of this report furnished for the information of the New York office.

Investigation continued.

PERIOD FOR WHICH NADE. REPORT JE BY: DAT, HEN MADE

12/1/22

L. L. Sqlanestind mindle AUE

St. Louis, 10. 12/1/22 TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE.

CARLO TRESCA

All. Italian Anarchist

FACTS DEVELOPED

REPORT MADE AT.

Reference is made to the report of Agent in Charge McLaughlin, dated 11/11/22, in this matter.

Wesley Settles, City Marshal of Farmington, Illinois furnished this office with a circular written in Italian, the translation of which reads somewhat as follows:

"TRESCA AMMETING.

Norkers:

In this tragic hour of international repression, while one war is fought and another is being prepared for us, while the greedy musters seek to drive back into the darkness of the Middle Ages the working class which produces all the necessities, in this hour of anxiety, hear the message of one who is struggling for the advent of a better humanity.

We therefore invite you to a meeting which CALLO THESCA of New York will hold at the G A R Hall, Farmington, Ill. on December 2nd, at 7 P.M. Do not fail to attend. The Committee."

Inasmuch as Farmington, Ill. comes within the jurisdiction of the Chicago Office, a wire was sent Special Agent in Charge Rooney, embodying the substance of the above information.

Copies of this report to the New York and Chicago Offices for their information.

Investigation continued.

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

DEC 1 1 1922

POT GRANT

ROUTED TO:

HOATE

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Wash-3: N.Y.-1: Chgo-1: File-1

EAS

File #9109650501 11/10/1000 Milwauk 1

REPORT MADE AT.

DATE WHITE MADE: PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE-

REPORT MADE BY:

Milwaukee. Vis.

Nov.30,1922 Nov.30,1922

Earl L. Dole

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

IN RE: CARLO TRESCA (ITALIAN ANARCHIST)

Propaganda Tour in The Central States.

FACTS DEVELOPED At Milwaukce. Wis.

Agent ascertained under pretext from STEVE TOROK, 299 Superior Str., Milwaukee. Wis.. proprietor of a saloon and hall at that address, that a meeting was to be held in his hall the afternoon of Nov. 30. The hall was observed under cover until 3:30 PM, half a dozen young men were observed hanging around the hall from 2 PM to 2:30 PM. It appearing that no meeting would be held. Agent entered the saloon and after remaining some time and being convinced that no meeting was to take place that afternoon in the hall in the rear, left.

The following is a translation of a portion of handbills tacked on the back door of the saloon which is also entrance of the hall - the language being Italian:

" WORKINGMEN

December 3. December Hour 2:30 P.M.

299 Superior Str., Cor. Russell Ave., Bay View
The Famous orator of New York will be in Milwaukee CARLO TRESCA

and will speak on the theme: interesting to all THE FASCISTI PARTY AND THE SITUATION IN ITALY."

The handbill originally gave the date as Nov. 30, but a paster had been placed over this date changing it to Dec. 3, from which it would indicate that TRESCA is three days behind his schedule.

LIEUT. JOHN F. WESOLOWSKI, Milwaukee Police Department, stated in connection with the postponed speech of TRESCA that if there is any

REFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

New York-1 - Milwaukee-Bureau-3 _Detroit-l Pittsburgh-l

advocacy of the doctrines of criminal anarchy in violation of Section

4522 of the Wisconsin Statutes that he will place all those present
under errest; and he requests the co-operation of this Bureau in securing
the servoces of two Italian interpreters who can be relied upon to
testify in court.

Reference is made to report of Special Agent W. R. Palmera, New York, N. Y., for period Nov. 29, 1922.

Continued.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE Instr-a* of leant in Charge Joh /HEN MADE: REPORT MADE AT: A.F. Kommey. Divion 12/4/22 11/30-12/1-2/42. St. Poul . Llinn. TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE ADJUST CITIES (File #5351) At Virginia, Minneactar Reference is made to Agent's report for November 28th, 1922 in the above entitled matter. 1 17 190 CARLO TRECCA spoke in Virginia, Minnesota at the Italian Hall which is under the control of the Italian Benevolent Society, on Kovember 30th. The speaking began at 7:30 P.M. and there were less than one hundred people present insluding women and children. Agent had arranged with Chief of Police WITTE for the services of an Italian member of the police force to act as interpreter and the following is the substance of TREBOA'S remarks, all of which were in the Italian language. In fact, he made no statement of any kind except in the Italian language. TRESCA'S purpose evidently was to start an anti-Pescisti movement and he began his speech by a general talk upor the present Italian government. He said that there was an Italian government to begin with that was militaristic and that the Fascisti clan is merely a tool for the government tyrants and that MOUSILLIEI is a degenerate, a worthless character and has fallen so low as to be kissing the Pone's feet. He said that Italy is up-side-down and composed of two factions. He said there would come a time when conditions would be settled again and people will have a voice in arranging the

that people will have a voice in the government here also.

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

Mr. Hoover.

Director (3) -- New York (1)

fiture of the country; that the same conditions exist in this land;

eterything is topsy-turvy since the war; that we can see in the future

1-1335-76

-

He said

that all of the lifterent powers of the nations are still craving for more military government as a means of peace; that in 1914 all the nations were prevering for larger armies and navies to promote peace and we find what thet peace meent. He said that our friend, General Pershing in a talk recently said it was absolutely necessary to increase our standing army if we want to proserve peace in our country. He said that no matter how much peace talk we hear there will always be war as long as two nations emisted and that there were two classes, the milliongires and the most plannes. He then talked about the big industries that poid big wages and work was plentiful but said that the large wages did not help since the price of living costs were doubled which meant the making of more millionaires. He pointed to the Oliver Iron Mining Company as one of the big producers of the country that paid big wages during the wer period. He said of course they boosted prices of their products and that they have not lost anything by paying their men big wages. The only reference TRESCA made to the strike of 1916 was when he said that everybody knows that in 1916 the boys were not making big wages but they had been doing better since. In speaking of the army, he compared it with Police Officers who have lots of power behind them; first the covernment with its laws and behind that the army and said that what makes a policeman breve is a state law with state force of arms behind the nolice officers and federal troops behind the state army. said that every nation has such laws. TRESCA at no time in his speech made any reference to strikes or any radical agitation. He stated that it-was the duty of all Italians to inform themselves toon the conditions that existed, not only in their own country but in the United States

and then stated that he was at the present time engaged in the publication of a paper "The El Martello" and that in this paper he would publish all the news that would be interesting to them. He then stated that his purpose in coming on the range was to secure subscriptions for his paper. He said that he hoped that the boys present would subscribe freely to his paper and not hesitate the way that some of them did at Chisholm and Hibbing. He said that they seemed to be afraid that if they subscribed they would loose their jobs at the mines. offered a number of redical books for sale. There was a very light response to his pled for subscriptions, as only a few subscribed for his paper and only one or two books were purchased. There was little enthusiasm in the sudience. ras questioned very closely by Agent and indisted that the government of the United States was not eluded to in one direct monner and that TRESCA seemed very guarded in his remarks and very mild in the language that he used compared with the speeches that he made on the range in 1916. He said nothing whatever about labor unions or strikes. The paper "El Martello" according to the same was entered as second class matter November 3rd, 1916 at the portoffice at new York and the issue distributed by TRESCA bears date New York, Revember 25th, 1922. Published at Manhettan Lyceum Building, 66 East 4th Litreet and 3rd ave. New York.

he home of AMMICHO BURNATI, 901 South 2nd Ave., Virginia, Minn. He as introduced by JOE ROLLAND of Hibbing. He was entertained the night of the 30th at the home of MIKE LENCI, 202-9th Street South, Virginia, Minnesots.

At Eveloth, Hinnecots:

night of December 1st. Before the speaking began, Agent arranged with the Chief of Police at Evoleth for an Italian interpreter in the person of the stranged the meeting and reported to Agent the facts given hereafter. Agent also attended the meeting and by actual count, there were fifty-six people present. Be one introduced TRESCA but he simply began to Thing to the crowd. He made the same talk as at Virginia and attempted to accure subscriptions for his paper but the men, did not seem to be interested and when he began urging them to subscribe several left the hell. Agent secured a copy of his paper "El Martello" which will be attached to the office copy of this report.

At the conclusion of his speech TRMSCA stated to one of his friends that he was coing to return to New York the following day. At Chichelm, III mosets:

Agent found that THESCA had spoken at Chisholm on the night of Rovember 29th and took the matter up with ED CLOUTIER, Chief of Police and secured from him the following information. TRESCA spoke at Carls Hall to a crowd of less than one hundred people. He secured a few subscriptions for his paper but there was little interest manifestal in the meeting.

At Mibbing, Minnesota:

Affect also found that MARDOA spoke at Hibbing on the night floveraber 28th at the Italian Hall and at Hibbing Agent took the matter up with Desh Sorgeant WALAN who stated that there had been a meeting held by TRALCA on November 28th at the Italian hall and that

he had one of his Policemon, JON RONVEI cover the meeting and report the facts. he said that ACLINI could be found at North Hibbing where he was on duty. Agent went to North Mibbing and interviewed LOWING the oblived they he was present at the moeting held by TREBCA on the 28th and that there were about seventy-five reople in the hall. He stated that there was quite an opposition to TRESCA on the part of the Itelians of Hibbing for the reason that since Italy has adopted the Penci, ti perty that the Italians are most allan Cavor of the nother country that for that person do not approve of the opposition carried or by Till 31 equinate 100 AlbHII and because of their attitude on that question ment of then remained away from the meeting. ROLDER himself is/very strong savoeste of the Pascisti movement and claims that the Italian or recobert evanly divided on the question. Agent questioned no.1.37 years and alprea to what was said by Thebdl and it seems he used identically the same line of talk as he did at Virginia. In fact, from all the information that can be obtained, it seems TREMSA was following a set are shor lecture from which he did not deviate expent to print the sple of his paper and books.

with the Third of Tables of Tinginia, Eveleth, Chisholm and Hibbing and each one of them and the came statement as to the result of TRESCA'S visit which were to the effect that he had accomplished nothing. Also, that his vifit had nothing whatever to do with unionizing the employees of any of the mines. They seemed to agree that his purpose was to secure ambscriptions to his paper in order that he would be in a position to combat/Parsisti movement.

Investigation concluded.

7-1169

#oit File - 0-2366 REPORT MADE AT PERIOD FOR WHIT (MADE: 12-5-22 J. S. Apelman Detroit, Mich. 12-2-22 TITLE AND CHARACTI R OF CASC. Anarchist Activities CARLO TRESCA. 1335 FACTS DEVELOPED: At Detroit. Reference is made to my previous reports on the above named SUBJECT. Information has been received that TRESCA, the Italian anarchist organizer, who is touring the country, visited Hibbing, Minnesota on November 29th, and while in that city was in conference with proprietors of the Heraba Shoe Repair Shop, 1708 Third Avenue, telephone 731-J. This office is also informed that TRESCA has requested his friends to address all correspondence to him in care of B. Juma (or Fuma), Box 115, Carlinville, Illinois. Investigation closed at Detroit. DEC 1 3 1922

HOOVOT-2

CORIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO

Washington-3, New York-1, St. Paul-1, Chicago-1, Detroit-1

Bepartment of Iustice,

Bureau of Investigation. Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

December 5,

Director Tm. J. Burns, Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, Washington, P. C.

Refer to Mr. Ruch

Dear Sir:-

RE:CARLO TERSCA, Anarchist.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE Deco 1922 Tivisio.

Replying to your letter of November 23, 1932,

I regret to say that I have no details of Carlo Tresca's vicit in this vicinity. I was advised by the New York office that Tresca was due in this district the week beginning November 13th, and arrangements were made through confidential courses to cover his movements. In addition, I arranged to have a meeting covered at Russelton, Pa. but at the last minute the informant engaged to cover this meeting was called to court and could not be present. Again on the 18th I received a telegram from our New York City office reading as follows:-

> "Referring to my telegram Carlo Tresca now reported care Palmieri six six one naught Lariner Avenue East Pittsburgh Reported leaving for Cleveland shortly Please notify offices interested of future movements."

Informants, however were unable to get in touch with subject at the address mentioned in above quoted telegram.

The same sources of information which were unable to get in touch with Treser in Pittsburgh, seem to have had more success in Cleveland, -see report of Special Agent in Charge Morton covering November 16th to 19th inclusive.

I am sorry that I cannot furnish more details but the man upon whom I depended in Pittsburgh was called away

Read by

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61-133

DEC 1 2 1922

RECORDED

Piractor,

12/5/23

Page #2.

on another matter at the last minute. This man is

bnD

Very truly yours,

17.13. Jane

HOM:*RES

R. B. SPINGER, Special Agent in Charge.

			J
			raukes office file No. 9109
REPORT MADE ATT	DATE WHEN MADE:	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	NEPORT MADE BY:
Milwaukee, Wis.	12-5-22	12-3-22	Earl L. Pole
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE TN DE CARLO TRE	ECA (T+alian	Aramahi a+\	:Propaganda Tour in the Central
IN RE! CARLO TREA		Anarchist)	States.
	DEC 7 1 18.20	n i	1333
At Milwaukee, Wie	B.		A Chinese
I	t was learned	through a con	ficential source that TRESCA
came to Milwauke	e under the a	uspices of the	Italian Socialist local in
Milwaukee; also	that TRESCA	is between 37	and 40 years of age and was
born at Lulmona,	province of	Aquila, Italy,	entering the United States
in the year 1905	or 1906. The	e informant do	es not know whether or not
TRESCA is natura	alized, but re	ecalls reading	that he was arrested about
fi <u>v</u> e years ago in	n Calumet, M.	ich. for his a	ctivities in connection with
a strike.			
Ag	gent obtained	the services	of an interpreter in addition
to securing the	services of De	etective	of the Milwaukee Police
Department, who	ınderstands I	talian, to cov	er this meeting, to be prepared
should there be a	any advocacy	of the doctrin	es of Anarchy in violation of
the Wisconsin Sta	atutes.		DEC TO DISTRICT
TI	RESCA spoke	at 2099 Superio	r St. Milwaukee, Wis. to an
audience of about	35 persons,	all of Italia	n birth. TRESCA was intro-
duced by one SAN	f de simonett:	I, prefacing h	is remarks with the statement
that "dishonorab]	le police, who	o are paid to	watch you, are present." The
remainder of the	speakers time	e was devoted	to criticism of the Fascisti
noternment and me	Swament in It:	alv The enea	ker did not hold the attention

ORIGINAL

of his audience, and when he concluded only twenty were present.

REFERENCE:

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Reference:

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61-1335-79

A pamphle

1044 W. Taylor

Earl L. Dole ___ 12 -3 -22. _____ Street, Chicago, Ill., entitled: "The brigand government of the Fascisti dishonors Italy," was distributed, as well as a few copies of "IL MARTELLO current issue.

Reference is made to previous reports entitled as above. Closed at Milwaukee.

44

GFR. JR.

61-816

December 11,1922.

Mr. R.B.Spencer,

Box 987,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Dear Sir -

Rindly let so have a report upon the activities -ef CARLO TRESCA who was in your city on the 13th and 14th ultimo, as respected in my communication of November 22nd.

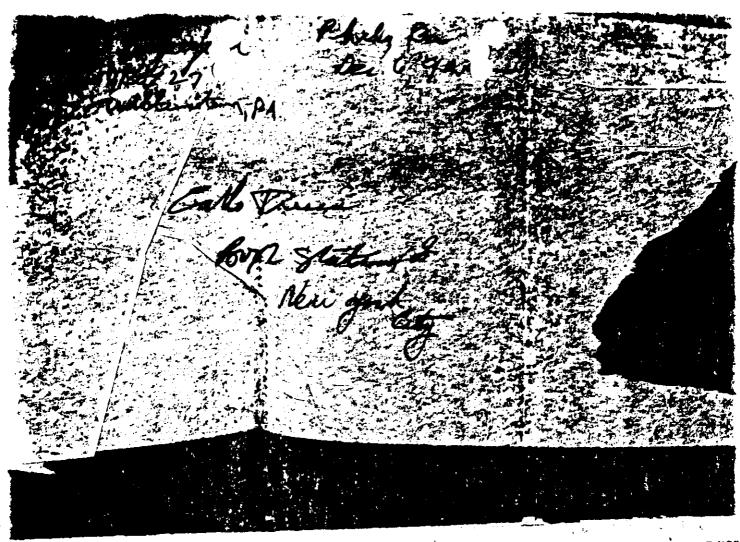
Yours very traily,

Director.

61-1335-80 61-1335-80

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NEW YORK, N. Y.
OFFICIAL BUSINESS
Return in 5 days.

S DEC 11 2 3-PM 7 1922 PENALTY FOR PRIVATE UST

AVOIDTRAX MENTI CALPOSTAGI

FRAND CENTRAL

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FEBS 10 15.13 23

EXPOSITION

John J. S. Hoover.

ast to the atty General

ough of Justice

Vashington, 26.

Bepartment of Instice, Bureau of Investigation.

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

December 13th, 1922.

1335

Tiractor Vm. J. Burns, Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, Vashington, P. C.

Refer to Mr. Hoover.

Dear Cir:-

Raplying to your latter of the 11th instant, therein requesting a report from this office relative to Carlo Trasca, who was in Pittsburgh on the 13th and 14th ultimo, your attention is respectfully invited to my letter of the 5th instant, (Refer to Mr. Ruch), which covers, I believe, your present inquiry.

Yours very truly,

R. B. SPEUCER, Special Agent in Charge.

JCR: N

DIVIS O. J

DEC 21 100.

December 19. 1922.

J. C. BERRY, Esq. City Marshal, Toluca, Ill.

Re: CARLO TRESCA All. Italian Anarchist

Doar Sir:
I beg to acknowledge receipt of
your favors of Hovember 13th and December 8th,
1922 in reference to Carlo Tresco.

I note from your letter of the 8th instant that Treaca was supposed to be at Herrin, Illinois, and that you obtained this information from good authority. I shall be pleased to be further advised if you obtain any additional information as to where Treaca may be.

Thanking you for your kind cooperation in this matter, I am

Yours very truly.

JAMES J. MCLAUGHLIN. Special Agent in Charge.

cc - Director 2

BERERAL INTELLIGENCE DFC 2 & 1922 DIVISION EZGT - 8 NAC

61-1335-82

in hoover at Might fear - his -19-22 ST. LOUIS 12-14&15-22 A. SOLANKA Alleged Italian Anarchist CARLO TRESCA FACTS DEVELOPED At Zeigler & Herrin Ill. Referring to my report of December 1, 1922. While at Zeigler, Ill. and Herrin, Ill. on other matters, Employee 'took this matter up with the local Postmasters and Chiefs of Police and was informed by them that so far as they knew subject had not visited their respective towns. At Herrin Employee made confidential inquiries among Italian residents, however, no information was obtained showing that the subject has spoken in this vicinity. This matter will receive be continued pending receipt of additional information. Investigation continued. GENERAL INTELLIGENCE JAN 2 - 1923

Wash (3) New York (1) File (1)

61-1335-83

February 12, 1933.

JEH/LMR

Mr. R.J. Bronnan, P.O. Box 241, Oity Hall Station, New York, H.Y.

(0

Door Sir:

I desire to refer to the report of Confidential Informant for February 5th relating to a mostlag

670

you should direct the informant to give this matter very careful attention and to assertain, if possible, anything definite concerning the proposed action against Musselini.

Very truly yours.

17-100

Director.

MAILED

61-1335-84

Hr. W. C. Harley, papartment of State, Washington, D.C.

My dear Mr. Hurley:

133

I received information from a reliable source in New York that Carlo Oresca recently addressed a meeting in that city, at which was dismissed the finisti and in which it was stated that it might be desirable to write to some friends in Italy so as to take action against Mussolini.

It is stated that he is proposing to make an Anti-Pascisti tour for a month or two.

This matter will be given very careful attention by this Bureau.

Very truly yours,

ni rector.

61-1335-85

MAILED

FILE

Hartford, Conn.

WHEN MADE.

2/26/23

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 2/24-25/23

WILLIAM S. LOUGHRAN.

RE: CARLO TRESCA

New York City.

ITALIAN ANARCHIST ACTIVITIES.

FACTS DEVELOPED AT WATERBURY:

Telegram from EDWARD J. BRENNAN, Agent in Charge. New York City Office of the Bureau, under date of February 24th, 1923, informed the following: -

> "INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE THAT CARLO TRESCA RADICAL ITALIAN WILL SPRAK WATERBURY SUNDAY AFTERNOON. MEETING BEING ARRANGED BY L. JAMELEN. 934 BANK STREET WATERBURY. YOU HAVE MEETING COVERED BY ITALIAN SPEAKING PERSON.

> > (SGD) BRENNAN."

Agent proceeded to WATERBURY, on afternoon of Saturday, February 24th, 1923, and held a conference with Superintendent of Police GEORGE BEACH and DETECTIVE GEORGE MCMULLEN at Police Headquarter's regarding this meeting on Sunday. SUPERINTENDENT BEACH informed Agent that they had information regarding this meeting to be held on Sunday. and also stated that circulars had been distributed about Friday of the past week, February 23rd, 1923.

A copy of one of these circulars was secured by Agent. Same was printed in the Italian language, signed by "COMMITTER", ho There was no union printing NotatempyHEOR-Acircular personal signature. athoder yard or other means of identification as to GENERAL MITTERS OF INVESTIGATION where same was printed and confidential B 27 1973 MAR 1 stated 1923 informent المعالمة الا was his opinion that circulars were YOOVER COMES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

MR. HOOVER

3-Washington, 2-N.Y. 1-Hartford.

FSL-MMcK

RE: CARLO TRESCA

New York City. / ITALIAN ANARCHIST ACTIVITIES.

printed at New York City. The circular stated that a meeting of the anti-Fascisti Society, would be held at CONCORDIA HALL, 305 Bank St., waterbury, Conn., on February 25th, 1923, at 2 P.N. That CARLO TRESCA would be the principal speaker. The circular matter also contained information written in Italian regarding the government in Italy at the present time under the leadership of BENITO MUSSOLINI. Agent had the substance of this circular translated, and learned that the committee who arranged this meeting desired to arouse sympathy amongst the Italians of Waterbury, for the ANTI-FASCISTI SOCIETY, stating that while the government under MUSSOLINI pretended to give more freedom to the Italian people than formerly, it really was more of an autocratic government than the Italian people ever dreamed of.

of Superintendent Beach, attended by several detectives. Supt. Beach and Agent. Agent took no active part in this conference and offered hosuggestions, and it was decided by Supt. of Police Beach, not to permit TRESCA to speak if he arrived. He stated that he intended to place about 15 policemen in the hall and half a dozen detectives and to be kept in touch with the situation.

At 2.15 P.M. CONCORDIA HALL, were the meeting was scheduled to be held, became rapidly filled with Italians and at 3 P.M. when CARLO TRESCA appeared with his Secretary, there was nearly 500 Italians in the Hall. Several of the detectives spoke to TRESCA, his secretary, and other Italians present on the stage just before the meeting was scheduled to open, and informed TRESCA was that he could not speak in Waterbury, without a permit from the Superintendent of Police. TRESCA then stepped to the front of the stage and told the audience in Italian that he would

RE: CARLC TRESCA

New York City.

ITALIAN ANARCHIST
ACTIVITIES.

proceed to Police Headquarters to see about the permit with his secretary and that the meeting would be adjourned for 15 or 20 minutes.

Three of the city detectives accompadied TRESCA to headquarters and also Agent, and a conference was held at Superintendent Beach's Office. Superintendent Beach informed TRESCA he would not give him a permit to speak as he was an anarchist and an undesirable character. Also that that the subject he was to speak on was very objectionable to a large number of the Italian race in Waterbury, and that if the meeting went on there would probably be a riot. He also advised him to leave town and TRESCA stated he would engage a lawyer. The detectives then informed the Captain of Police, who were in the hall, with about fifteen policemen to clear the hall and call the meeting off. TRESCA left police headquarters and nothing more was seen of him.

Agent learned that on Saturday afternoon a telegram was sent to a prominent citizen in Waterbury signed by the CIVIL LIBERTY LEAGUE of New York City, asking this citizen to use his influence in obtaining permission for TRESCA to speak. Agent learned from Supt. Beach, that this citizen was a reformed JEWISH RABBI in Waterbury, who received the telegram.

TRESCA stated that he had been arrested quite a number of times sixis
that his business was that of an editor, and admitted being in Waterbury,
about five years ago. When asked if he was an anarchist, he answered
"I suppose they call me one", but that he did not think it necessary to
answer that question. He also told Supt. Beach, that he did not think
it was necessary to state his political beliefs.

to the front of the stage and told the audience in Italian that he would

RE: CARLO TRESCA

New York City

ITALIAN ANARCHIST ACTIVITIES

accompanied TRISCA to police headquarters that TRESCA stated on the way that the meeting would have to be held some other Sunday in Waterbury, if it could not man be held on that day.

Superintendent Beach stated to Agent that under no circumstances would be permit TRESCA to speak in Waterbury. After the police gave orders in CONCORDIA HALL to clear the hall, the growd disbursed and no further activities took place.

Agent learned that one LOUIS JAMELE, who resides at 87 Fox Street, Waterbury, Conn., and conducts a meat market at 934 Bank Street, Waterbury, was instrumental in arranging the meeting. Italian Detective Thomas Colasanto of the Waterbury Police, stated he knew JAMELE for the past 18 years, that he craves notoriety and that he takes up very easily with every new movement among the Italian people. He was never considered of a very radical type and they have classed him as a "coward" when it comes to any trouble in holding meetings. He is a citizen and a property owner. The police stated they have kept a surveillance on Jamele, along with other Italians of his type.

CASE CONCLUDED in the CONNECTICUT DISTRICT.



OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDES GEORGE M. BEACH



DEPARTMENT OF POLICE CITY OF WATERBURY CONNECTICUT

Feb. 28, 1923

Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I wonder if you could give me any information regarding Carlo Tresca, an alleged anarchist. We are having some trouble with him in this city and have refused to allow him to speak here. I am very anxious to get his police record if he has one.

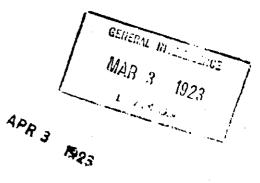
Thanking you for any information, I am,

Very truly yours,

Geo Ma Beach

George M. Beach Superintendent

GLIB/B



March 6, 1925.

TURE THE WAR OF THE VALUE OF THE COLD COLD

61.1335-87

Jubject is a well-known littlien Americant, now about 45 jears of and. He arrived in the United States about 1904 or 1905 on the S. S. "Tourisland", his birth-place being Samonia, trovince of Lyaka, 15 lg. There is no record of his ever have a look materialized as an apprican citizen. Frior to coming to the United at these fractives demanded to a term of two lears under a confliction in Italy for his activities there but escaped from that country and proceeded to Switzerland.

in the tertile strikes in Larrence, less., 1912, subject we active as and research provider and played a prominent part in the discreensiend incitament to violence by his speeches. Outlie tests usen lresca's participation in the disorders at have now on probably be secured from the authorities in that city.

In cantery, 1915, Treach was an active leader, with Lidabeth Jurier Flynd, of the hotel corders' Strike in New York City. This tribe in New York was accompanied by much disorder and send ricting. Pollowing the hotel workers' strike Treace was active in crymissing the barbers and in their strike he was a leader. This Strike was accommised by considerable disorder.

in the silk mills at Paterson, N. J. During this strike there

- 2 -

who whoe prost allocate, for a large part of which Presea was responsible by remain of his speeches and personal activity.

Limited this strike case of the strikers was killed and at the grade linear was a like whom to opens. He is quoted by hew York news were of well 25, 1913 as saying.

"Pallow workers do not forget the orinchall of the tollers who come from Italy, -for theed, yearment take Dlood."

tion in the refuseer strike, one of the charges against him being for so itions uttormieds. The was acquitted on this charge
July 1, 1914. On a third charge growing out of the same strike,
that of a column root, he was contented in the mover Court to
60 cass i risement, but ween as seal the conviction was dismissed.

and 1016 trace was active in tentral City, where he can introduct the distributer Berkman and other radicals. Takintroductive jet of the unemployment situation demonstrations were
at the distribution to a took with traces and his companions
as the distribution. These meetimes usually ended in the forming of
proceedicus, the challengt tolice permits, and on one occasion
in this, 1914, efter a demonstration has been made in this
interpretate the red to newspaper reporters that the relice
were affile to interfere.

Tresca was an associate also of Caron. Hanson and Berg three enerchists who were blown to pieces while raking a bomb in

the comise of these three can Present was one of the speakers at a costing able in their honor, after which he was interviewed by a name, ser reserver. He is moted as a ging,

"I have no fault to find with him (Caron). I believe he was justified in what he intended to do. I believe in violence. Nothing can have no believe any other way than Caron did."

ir delies the repertor to believe that the both which the three ten version int who intended for John D. Rockefeller, Br.

in 1316 breach filed built for diverce, alleging that his wife was not a proper person to retain the ematedy of their child. The trade filed counter suit for divorce, making as corec end at this bith harley allem, but the trade was refused diverce. It has been report a many times that blinsheth warrey allem was inverced a mistress.

In 1912 Treach was active in the defense of Carbone and market, convicted of placings bomb in ut. retrick's Cathedral, now forth with. The interviewed by a reporter of the "morid" as to the growth of the fall of the defendants, treach is alleged to have said.

"If these defendants are guilty I want to see them convicted. I believe in violence, but only in violence then it advances the cause of labor."

(White is reserved in the liew York Logid" of Lyril, S. 1916.

Juniar the trial of Carbone and Arbano welice Inspector Turns; took the stend and testified that when Arbano was questioned

subsectent to his apprehension he told in. Turney that,

"" he for the ices of planting bombs while according and helping life from a section."

of Ladji walleani, the ladder of the well-known ballowni group of amerchiese in the Lew Langland District. This friendship is revially, in so issue of crossed correspondence andressed by Lresc. to indisent, which letters were seized in 1917 when ballocal are encourse on deportation warrant.

In 1916, while present was in Hinnesoth active in the strike in the strike in the iron ore mines in that state, one of the strikers was shot and hilled, and at the reave broade was colled upon for a special media will ad to have administered the following each to the process. People states.

"Pollow workers, I want you to the the following such that if the chiver pure a shoot or wome any miner, we will take a tooth for a tooth, an eye for the eye or a side for a life."

this at count by treads use under in Anglish and the newspaper reporter the count embacquently signified his willin mass to
testify as to his energy this at coment by frescu.

In a speech made by tresca on hoverhor 30, 1913 during the from ere strike in timesote he is reported to have teld the strikers that they had just begun their fight and that they could confly call themselves victors when they had planted the red flag on the mining properties. He said:

"non la stracció com le stelle em lo

structor, re la bandiera ressa del (risestro". (not the req with the stars and stripus but the red "law of our redemotion.)

He is it too to make closed the speech saying, that when they have somewhite adding not back to work the, should save their meas, and instruct their children to save their mone; to buy contrictes with thish to take the mining properties away from the raffling and cirt, houses, and give the property back to our mit; to whom it believed.

In Sall, 1916 Treson was indicted in Minnesota in competion with two death of Deputy Sheriff J. C. Myron during the 1915 strike but in December, 1916 Treson was acquitted of this every.

D. 1, cod, et al, at Chicago, but it appears that freeda was never trice. For what research it ages not ablear.

Tread has for a good many years been the editor of a cious Italian a dieda publications. He is at present the editor and addition of "12 1 minute" (The Hammer), published in the large-witte. I write the tenor of this publication is anarchited and many of its losses declared non-mailable by the foot trained me cart and, there have not been any articles which were a flictently specific upon which treads might be prosecuted or a ceportation case preciested.

In addition to the publication of this paper Tresca has also engaged in the distribution of considerable number of books who expeditets upon amerchy, in the Italian language.

Treact has been very active as a worker and sheaker on heardf of the inco-Varianti Defense Conmittee.

at raters, near corridor, rate of radical littless at raters, near corridor, rate of littless and that all covernments were correct and that the people was whole route be better off without any government at all. In this point one of the errors asked broseq whether we was not a socialist and in reply subject stated that he was not a socialist but an americal . In this meeting broses was very careful not to certify or cavocate force or violence. These is usually exceedingly of the capture of the court of the state of deverment by force, his speches are writing the a to convey that the gat to any pathering of lealing ratios is before whom he appears.

in the is me of "Is lalkerson" for while \$6, 1919 there species in editorial referring to the deportation of a number of analysms. From the Contestal the following is quoted:

"The currence of bourgeoisie republic. Low ver in whem us, you can blind us, but ideas cannot be deported. The lacus we have sown with a full hand will remark will bear fruit. It will be those ideas thich will enlighten the slaves on whose ample, curved shouldest your protorious are today resting.

"Ideas are not imprisoned; are not deported they rectined.

" s or rue you oh lying headelic. ".e. denounce you before the world."

In "12 state 2010" of May 1, 1921 the following appears:

"To attain it (Communium) according to us, it is no costary and sufficient that all be free and that

one is wonth the mount of rounction; that no one is wonth also we will on they are that no ore shift oblice another to work for him. And it is to realize these conditions that we be. Hiero in the leceusity of the violent revolution. then the risk character (the devertment) is one than he will character with be access, harm-ful or criminal."

In "II IIIIII" of sold maker 17, 13%1 there appeared on writicle "sold in Sheep's Clathing", which in its own words at by the first theoretical paper of "Westin Index" to a substitution of the Italian Index Index Destrict to assussination of the Italian Indext Destrict Control who was then in the United Italian.

onbject has for some time been active in anti-Pascisti activities and commutations.

Tresca is reported to have been a speaker at an antiFascisti meeting held at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., New
York, on February 23, 1923, at which he is alleged to have
stated that the purpose of the meeting was to keep together and
train for the final battle which may come soon, also that another
purpose of the meeting was to obtain funds to buy bullets and
keep them until they are needed. He is alleged to have remarked
that some time "another Breschi will be born and they would need
money to put the pound of lead into the Italian King's stomach
and also in Mussolini's."



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13 rch 7, 1925.

In compatible of the Rectar

I am attreasing hereto memorandum upon Calle Familia, together with the letter from ir. George M. Beach, Super-inch of a clice, acterbury, Conn., respecting information upon him.

I mease forwarding here ith the file ween Frence, and have placed a rapider at the report submitted by Aront pavid on any 7, 1900, which report you repost a me to forward to you.

mespectfully.

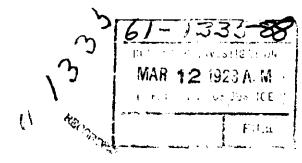
61-1335-87

E

March 8, 1923.

Mr. George M. Bench. Baperintendent of Police. Waterbury, Comm.

Dear Sir:



I am in receist of your communication of the 28th ultimo, in which you request cortain information concerning Carlo, Tresca. who has recently been causing you some annoyance.

For your strictly confidential information. I can advise you that Tresca is a well-moom Italian anarchist. He arrived in the United States about 1904 or 1905 on the S. S. "Tourraine", his birthplace being Samonia, Province of Aquila, Italy. There is no record of his over having been naturalized as an American citizen. Prior to coming to the United States Tresca was sontened to a term of two years under a conviction in Italy for his activities there but escaped from that country and proceeded to Switzerland.

In the textile strikes in Lawrence, Massachusetts, in 1912 subject was active as an I.W.W. organizer and played a prominint part in the disorders.

In January, 1913, Tresca was an active leader, with Elizabeth Garley Plyan, of the hotel worders' strike in New York City. This strike in New York was accommised by much disorder and some ricting. Following the hotel worders' strike Tresca was active in organizing the barbers and in their strike he was a leader. This strike was accompanied by densiderable disorder.

in 1913 Tros: a was one of the leaders in the strike in the slik mills at "aterdon, New Jersey. During this strike there was also great disorder for a large part of which Tresca was responsible by reason of his speeches and personal activity. During this strike one of the strikers was killed and at the grave Tresca was called upon to speak. He is quoted by New York newspapers of April 25, 1915, as saying:

"Fellow workers do not forget the principle of the toilers who some from Italy .-- For Blood, you must take Blood."

61-1335-88

Tresca was indicted in New Jersey for his participation in the Paterson strike, one of the charges against him being for seditious utterances. He was acquitted on this charge July 1, 1914. On a third carge growing out of the same strike, that of causing a riot, he was sentenced in the Lover Court to sixty days imprisonment, but upon appeal the sonviction was discissed.

In 1914 Tresca was active in New York City where he was associated with Alemander Berman and other radicals. Taking advantages of the unemployment situation demonstrations were staged throughout New York City with Tresca and his companions as the speakers. These methods usually ended in the forming of processions, though without police partits, and on one opension in April, 1914, after a demonstration had been sade in Union Square, Tresca declared to newspaper recorters that the police were afraid to interfere.

Tresca was an associate also of Caron, Hanson and Berg, three anarchists who were blown to pieces while making a bomb in a house on Lexington Avenue, New York, during 1914. Following the demise of these three men Tresca was one of the speakers at a meeting held in their honor, ofter which he was interviewed by a newspaper reporter. He is noted as saying.

"I have no family to find with him (Caron). I believe he was justified in what he istended to do. I believe in violence. Nothing can make me believe any other way than Caron did."

Tresca led the reporter to believe that the bomb which the three mon were making was intended for John D. Rockefeller, gr.

In 1914 Tresus filed suit for divorce, alleging that his wife was not a proper person to retain the custody of their child. Mrs. Tresus filed now ter suit for divorce, naming as corespondent Elizabeth Garloy Papen, but firs. Tresus was refused a divorce. It has been reported many times that Elizabeth Garley Frank was Tresus mistress.

In 1915 Treson was active in the defense of Carbone and Arbano, convicted of placing a bomb in St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York City. When Interviewed by a report! of the "World" as to the probable guilt of the defendants, Treson is alleged to have said:

The same of labor."

This is reported in the New York "World" of April 5, 1915.

During the trial of Carbone and Arbano, Police Inspector Tunney

took the stand and testified that when Arbano was questioned subsequent to his approhonsion he told Mr. Tunney that.

** * * He got the idea of planting bombs while attending name and hearing follows like Trescu space.

Tresca was closely associated with and a friend of Luigi Galleani, the leader of the well-known Galleani group of anarchists in the New England district. This friendship is revealed in copies of personal correspondence addressed by Tresda to Galleani, which letters were seized in 1917 when Galleani was arrested on deportation warrant.

In 1916, while Tresca was in Minnesota active in the strike in the from one minus in that state, one of the strikers was shot and killed, and at the grave Tresca was called upon for a speech. He is alleged to have administered the following oath to the persons present:

"Fellow workers, I cant you to take the following oath: 'I solumnly swear that if any Oliver gumman shoot or would any miner, we will take a tooth for a tooth, an eye for an eye or a life for a life".

phis statement by Tresca was mode in English and the newscaper reporter the was present subsequently signified his willingness to testily as to his hearing this statement by Tresca.

In a speech made by Tresca on November 30, 1913, during the Iron ore strike in Minnesota he is reported to have told the strikers that they had just begun their fight and that they could only call themselves victors when they had planted the red flag on the mining properties. He said:

"Non la stalccio com le stelle ex le strappe, ma la bandiora rossa del riscatto". (Not the rag with the stars and stripes but the rea flag of our redemption.)

He is stated to have closed the speech saying that when they have wen this strike and got back to work they should save their money and instruct their children to save their money to buy cartridges with which to take the mining properties away from the ruffians and dirty bosses, and give the property back to humanity to whom it belonged.

In July, 1916 Trosus was indicted in Minnesota in connection with the death of Deputy Sheriff J. C. Myron during the 1913 strike but in December, 1916 Treson was acquitted of this charge.

Treson was one of the persons indicted with William D. Hay-wood, et al. at Chicago, but it appears that Treson was never tried, for what reason it does not appear.

Treson has for a good many years been the editor of Various Italian radical publications. He is at present the editor and publisher of "Il Hartello" (The Hammer), published in New York City.

In addition to the publication of this paper Trescu has also engaged in the distribution of a considerable number of books and pamphlets upon accept in the Italian language.

Treman has been very active as a worker and speaker on behalf of the Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee.

Treson addressed a gathering of radical Italians at Swaters, near Hershey, Pompaylvania, on Pay 14, 1912, during which he said that all governments here corrupt and that the people as a whole would be better off without may government at all. At this point one of the persons asked Treson whether he was not a socialist and in reply subject stated that he was not a socialist but an amerchist. At this meeting Treson was very or real not to mention or advocate force or violence. Treson is muchly exceedingly careful and cautious in his statements, and where he does not openly advocate the overthrow of Government by force, his speeches and writings tend to convey that thought to any gathering of Italian radicals before whom he appears.

In the issue of "Il Hartello" for April 26, 1919 there appears an editorial recogning to the deportation of a number of Russians. From that editorial the following is quoted:

The curse you bourgeoisie republic. You may imprison us, you can blind us, but ideas cannot be deported. The ideas we have sown with a full hand will germinate will bear fruit. It will be those ideas which will onlighten the slaves on whose ample, curved she ldore your pretorians are today resting.

"Idons are not imprisoned; are not deported; they remain.

"We carso you oh lying Republic. We denounce you before the world."

In "Il Martello" of May 1, 1921 the following appears:

"To attain it (Communism) according to us, it is necessary and sufficient that all be free and that all possess the means of production; that no one impose his own will on another and that he one shall oblige another to work for him. And it is to realize these so additions that we believe in the necessity of the violent revolution. Once the material obstacle (the Government) is overthrown all violence will be useless, harmful and criminal."

In "Il Martello" of September 17, 1921 there appeared an article" "Jolf in Sheep's Clothing", which in its own fords and by way of quotation from the Italian Amerchist paper "Umanita Muova" was an inditement to assassination of the Italian Fascisti Deputy, Bottai, who was then instite United States. Subject has for some time been active in anti-Fascisti activities and demonstrations.

The above information, of sourse, is strictly confidential and is furnished you with that understanding.

Very truly yours.

Director.

MAILED

REPORT MADE AT:

HEN ADE.

PERIOD FOR WHIC ' MADE:

Page #1

Hartford, Conn.

3/12/23

3/12/23

JOHN A. DOND

RE: CARLO TRESCA

Mass Lieeting Waterbury, Conn. ITALIAN ANARCHIST ACTI VIT IBS.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

AT WATERBURY:

Continuing this matter previously reported by WILLIAM S. LOUGHRAN, of this office for the period of March 11th, 1923, Agent communicated with WILLIAM M. CLARK, Immigration Inspector at Frovidence, R.I. having jurisdiction at over this territory, and informing him of the arrest of NAZZARRENE GRACOTE 110 Columbus Ave., New Haven, Conn., and ANGLIO ERHASTO, 33 Morris Street, New Haven, Ct., at the hands of the Waterbury Police, and the further fact that both werealiens and that ANGELO ERRESTO had entered the country without having complied with the Eumigration Laws, to wit, that he had arrived at *ke Newport News, Va., on a freighter and becoming ill left the ship and entered the United States and continually remained in this country.

Agent was informed by WILLIAM CHARK, that in view of the fact that both aliens were resident in the United States for a period of more than five years, that their arrest and conviction for having concealed weapons on their person, and the alien ANGELO ERNESTOS under the circumstances mentioned herein would not warrant their deportation.

Agent communicated wit

BORGE BEACH! Superintendent of Police

terbury, Conn., and informed him

in view of the fact that these

MR. HOOVER

3-Washington, 1-Hartford, E.N.Y.

SCOSTSED APR 2 - 1920 MAP 1 3 1923 DEPARTMENT

JAD-MMoK

ALLEGED AMARCHIST ACTIVITIES.

aliens had not admitted that they were anarchists, and in view of the fact that they did not advocate the overthrow of any organized government by folce or fiolence and did not have in their possession any literature for distribution, advocating same, and in view of the fact that it had not been proven that they were allied or affiliated with any organization or association that wrote circulars, distributed printed or published or displayed any article of axxis literature advocating or teaching opposition or the overthrow of organized forms of government, in they could not be deported. These persons will be made the subject of individual reports and investigation and in so far as investigation of CARLO TRASCA is concerned, this case is considered closed.

CASE CONCEUDED in the CONFECTIOUT DISTRICT.

to many originated [] Tal Agent in Sbarge, I.A. re:, carlo presoa 🖺 terbury, Çonn. At WATERBURY! This matter previously considered alosed The state of the s date of Rebruary 35th, 1925, was respond upon receipt of from GEORGE BRACE, Superintendent of Police, THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE effect that he had received a letter from the givil kill letter from the Now York City, taking him to task for prohibiting an ing a meeting in CONCORDIA HALL, Waterbury, Senn., on Junday Mebruary 25th, 1923, questioning his right to Interfere with the meeting private property and informing him that subject would address in CONCORDIA HALL, Taterbury, Tonn., on Sunday March lith. のでは、少しては、大学の大学の that he would be supported by the CIVIL LIBERTIES MILON, who would have 10 mg A letter from EDWARD J. BREWAN, Agent the To telegram was received an Saturday March 30th 3015 TOOK IDENTIAL INFORMATION RECRIVED THAT CARLO YES - Pietro Mallegra Epazian Radioale Will Leave New York ERBURY SUBDAY MORNING STILL ENDRAYOR MAKE APRECHES

RE: CANLO TEMESCA

ir dian manoniy jon latios.

Agent learned that on Saturday, Narch 10th, 1923, Attorney Charles
Bunby, of interbury, applied to Judge wolfe at New Haven, Conn., for an
injunction restraining Superintendent Brach from interfering with
subject's appearance at a MOONDIA HALL, 305 Bank Street, on Sunday,
March 11th. Judge olfe called up Superintendent Beach by telephone
on Saturday evening, and soled the reasons and objections to having
subject speak in Vaterbury. Superintendent Brach explained that a large
majority of the Italian Accept were in favor of the present form of
government in Italy, and that there would probably be a riot if the
two factions got together at the neeting. Judge Wolfe refused to issue
an injunction against the police actions at the meeting.

permit the meeting to go on and would allow other speakers to address same, but would reques permission for subject to speak. That he would also have sufficient men from the Department of Police for protection in case of trouble, and also sufficient number of detectives would be placed in the hall. Superintendent Beach also stated that he received a petition signed by 60 prominent Italians who are residents of Laterbury, who objected to subject's appearance.

Superintendent Beach informed that he had communicated with the department of Justice at Washington, D.C. seeking a history of subject's antecedents and activities, but that this had not been forward or received up to this time.

The moting was called to order about 2.30 P.H. and the hall was well filled with Itulians. The chairman of the meeting was ROGER 3. BALD AM. son of former governor. Sincon Buldwin of Connecticut.

ALLIC' TTALIAN ANARCHIST

He opened the meeting by stating that he was a member of the CIVIL LIBERTIES LEAGUE, and that he was asked to preside at the gathering.

He spoke on the rights of free speech and then introduced REVEREND FREDERICK LAUTERBORN, who is supposed to be a Professor at the Berkley Divinity School at Middletown, Connecticut. He mentioned about the organisation of the CIVIL LIBERTIES LEAGUE, and spoke about the rights of free speech. The chairman then introduced CARLO TRESCA, and stated that he would read the constitution of the STAME OF CONNECTICUT, and immediately the police present notified him, TRESCA, that he would not be allowed to speak and subject requested that he be arrested. This the officers refused to do. The sentiment of the spectators comprising factions favorable to and antagonistic to the speaker no doubt actuated the police in taking the action they did.

Prior to the convening of the meeting the police searched the persons of all entering the hall and on the person of NAZZARENE GRACOTE, 110 Columbus Avenue, New Haven, Conn., was found a stiletto, and about ten letters alleged to have been written to him by V.AGUAMIO of 930 Bank Street, Waterbury, Conn., Secretary of the I.W.W. as well as a poem in Itulian entitled "Da CANTARSI SULL'aria Di "GIOVINESSE".

An announcement card of the meeting and a small pamphlet entitled "La DIFESA Di GARTANO ERESCI alla CORTE D'ASSISE di NILANO", published by the LIBERTHA SOCIOLOGICA of 278 Straight Street, Paterson, N.J. The contents of the letters, pamphlet and translation of the poem has not been made. The letters were retained by the police and a pamphlet and poem secured by this office. NAZZARENE GRACOTE was placed under an rest on the technical charge of carrying concessed weapons. ANGELO ERRESTO

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33 Mcrris Street, New Haven, Conn., was searched and on his person was concealed a Colt Automatic Pistol, 32 Calibre, fully loaded; the number of this automatic was 331287, April 20th, 1897 and December 23rd, 1903, being the patent dates. Thirty two loose cartridges for use in this weapon were also found on him, and he was placed under arrest. These two men were said to have been accompanied by five others, who escaped and are said to have been sympathizers of CARLO TRESCA who came from New Haven to protect him. These gunner were conveyed to the meeting place by a machine belonging to the EIM CITY TAXI SERVICE, 44 Temple Street, New Haven, Conn., and the driver stated that he did not know these people and that they employed him at Lambatton Street and the railroad at New Haven.

denied association with CARLO TERCA or any anarchist organization; they would not admit that they were anarchists and explained their presence at the meeting by saying that they learned TRESCA was to speak and wanted to hear fine him. Both stated that they were opposed to the present government of Italy under Mussolini but would not admit that they were in favor of its everthrow by force or violence. NAZZARENE GRACOTE, stated that his brother was wounded in Italy by the FACISTI and that made him bitter against them. Both admitted that they would support TRESCA or any one else socking to replace MUSSOLINI and his form of government.

Both of those gummen were held for appearance in the police court on a charge of carrying concealed weapons, and Superintendent Beach sought Agent's opinion concerning deportation based on this charge and subsequent conviction. Agent informed him that he would take the

7-1160

ITALIAN ANAM IST ACTIVITIES.

matter up with the office at Hartford and advise him.

Both NABBARENE GRACOTE and ANGULO ERNESTO, will be made the subject of individual investigation and report.

CASE CONTINUED.

Department of Justic

TELEGRAM RECEIVED.



Hartford, Jonn.

MAN 29 1923

March 23, 1923

និបស់នៃ,

washington

Attention Two. Advise if Jureau files contain any positive proof concerning citizenship Uarlo Tresoa.

Dowd

10;19 a.m.

Recd 11;00 li.d.

Docoded 11;05 ALT

ro 2000

11.05 VZ

MAR 2 6 1923

MAR 24 1020 PM AMCORD

MOOVER

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61-1235-91

TFB: G.

Harch #3, 1943.

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Dowd, Fode wl Bldg., Hertford, Conn.

Records of Bureau of Buturalisation fail to show any record a turelisation Calbo IndSCA stop Bureau's information is that Iresca not a citizen though no definite proof other than his own attachment in examination by New York police early 1920 STOP TWO

Burns.

Page #1

REPORT MADE AT: Hartford, Conn. 3/27/23 3/25/23

والمناجع والمنازو والمرفقة والمناجع والمناجع المناجع المناجعة

JOHN A. DOWD

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE RE: CARLO TRESCA

New York City

ITALIAN ANARCHIST

FACTS DEVELOPED

AT WATERBURY:

Continuing this matter last reported by Agent W.S. LOUGHRAN under date of March 12th, 1923, Agent proceeded to waterbury on March 25th, 1923, for the purpose of covering an Anti-FACISTI MEETING at which meeting subject was to be the principal apeaker.

On two past occasions subject, scheduled as the principal speaker in similar meetings at Waterbury, has been prevented from speaking by the police of that city, and upon arriving at waterbury Agent learned from the police that subject would again be prevented from speaking, and that he would not even be permitted to enter the hall where the meeting was to he held, which was CONCORDIA HALL, 305 Bank Street.

Enroute to the hall Agent observed about thirty uniformed policemen assigned to strategic places on the thoroughfare leading to the hall and they were continually engaged in moving people who would stop to gather. At the hall Agent conferred with Inspector McMullen and Murphy, and met Deputy Superintendent McLean of the Waterbury, Connecticut, Department of Police, who said that subject would not be permitted entrances to the hall. EMCORDED ノタダケー タク

Agent entered the hall

and found uniformed and plain clothes

men around on both sides of the stair

MR. HOOVER

3-Washington, 1-Hartford, 1-N.Y.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

ITA] N ANARCHIST

way, engaged in searching persons entering, for weapons. The hall was confortably filled and about 250 Italiams, practically all of whom were anti-racisti adherents were present. CONCORDIA HALL is one of the halls in Waterbury, which has in the past been devoted to madical meetings and is rented by the radical organizations.

Subject accompanied by PETER ALLEGRO, LUIGI
QUINTILLIANO and one NERI, all Italian Anarchists, of New York City,
and the latter said to be the Business Manager of "IL MALETO"
(THE HAMMER), subject's paper, arrived at the hall at about 2.30
P.M. PETER ALLEGRO and LUIGI QUINTILLIANO, were permitted to
enter the hall but subject was prohibited by the police, crowding
did not
the entrance to the hall and obstructing him. NERI meters entering
the hall, but was not prohibited from doing so.

The meeting was called to order and PETER ALLEGRO was the first speaker. Speaking entirely in Italian, Agent learned that his remarks were devoted to an attack upon the FACISTI of Italy, and stated that this organization should not be permitted a foot hold in the United States.

entered into a spirited tirade against the FACISTI. During the course of his speach in which was entirely in Italian he is said to have emarked "That there would never be freedom in the United States until the Red Flag was floating in the breezes over the Statue of Liberty."

RABBI LEWIS BROWN, of Waterbury, Conn., who has

recently lost his pastorate because he attended the past meeting of this character held at waterbury, Conn., over the objections of his:

ITALIAN ARCHIST ACTIVITIES

parishioners, was also the speaker. His remarks were devoted particularly to the right of free speech and freedom of the press, which was being denied CARLO TRESCA and others by the police authorities of Waterbury, Conn.

ROCER S. BALDWIN, of Middlebury, Conn., son of Ex-Governor Simeon E. Baldwin, of Connecticut, who has taken an active part in this matter in the past was also a speaker. Mr. Baldwin had with him several small sticks, several of which he broke one at a time, and later placed several together, and was unable to break them. This was for the purpose of illustrating the gathering if they remained together their organizations could not be disrupted. Prior to entering the hall ROGER S. BALDWIN caused some disturbance on the street in front of the hall when he attempted to force his way into the meeting and bring CARLO TRESCA with him. No objection was made to the entrance of ROGER S. BALDWIN into the Hall, but he was hot permitted to have CARLO TRESCA accompany him.

A collection was taken up by LUIGI QUINTILLIANO, and \$148.48, was the result.

The meeting was adjourned at about 4.45 P.M. and during its progress it could be called orderly when it is taken into consideration that it was a meeting composed entirely of Italians, who are opposed to the Facisti Form of Government in Italy.

Haven, Conn., said to be editor of the "YALE NEWS", A. DIREKTOR and ROBERT P. JOYCE.

The police arrangements for the meeting both within

ITALIAN AL ACHIST ACTIVITIES

and without CONCORDIA HALL, were splended and practically no disorder was experienced. A police carm with a number of riot game was stationed near the hall and the police in general kept the situation well in hand.

who did not enter the hall accompanied by DEPUTY CHIEF McLEAN, went to Police Headquarters where he went into conference with GEORGE M.

BEACH, Superintendent of Police. Agent learned that CARLO TRESCA tried to impress upon Superintendent Beach, that his object in coming to waterbury was not to cause trouble in of any kind, but simply to give a statement concerning the FACISTI of Italy. Superintendent Beach informed him that he would not permit him to speak in waterbury, unless he, BEACH, was injoined by the Courts and TRESCA left the conference saying that he would return on April 7th, 1923, in an effort to address the Anti-Facisti in that City.

Agent made an effort to secure a statement from CARLO TRESCA concerning his citizenship and was successful in doing so. WILLIAM FARRINGTON, a member of the reportorial staff of the WATERBURY DEMOCRAT, was asked to inquire of CARLO TRESCA, on this point, and in the presence of WILLIAM FARRINGTON, Inspector Sullivan and this Agent, CARLO TRESCA admitted that he was not an AmericanaCitizen.

The following is a description of CARLO TRESCA,

s observed by Agent, -

Atalian alien, age 50 to 55, height 5 ft 8", weight 170 pounds, hair dark, streaked with gray in the region of the temple, eyes light hazel or greenish, complexion dark, corpulant around waist line. Dark moustache and beard, teeth large, and tobacco stained several upper teeth on left side missing, very pronounced and conspicuous scar on right side running across next and disappearing

ITALIAN AT CHIST ACTIVITIES

in the beard on the right side. Wears nose glasses, black shoes blue serge suit, black fedora, pepper and salt top coat.

PIETRO ALLEGRO, is described as follows:-

Italian alien, age 35 to 40 years, height 5 ft, Weight 120 pounds, complexion dark, face smooth, eyes deep hazel, hair lighthrown,

LUIGI QUINTILLIANO, is described as follows:-

Italian alien, age 26 years, height 5 ft 7", weight 125 pounds, complexion very dark, eyes deep hazel, hair black, and worn in pompadour style.

NERI is described as follows:-

Italian alien, age 45, height 5 ft, weight 155 pounds, complexion olive, small black moustache streaked with gray, eyes deel hazel, pouches under the eyes, impairment left leg, which seems shorter than right, and compels use of cane.

CASE CONTINUED.

Merch 30, 1925.

P. C. Box 2:1, City Hall Station, New York City. 133

MAN C. S. P.A.

Do or Sir:

of deportation proceedings against him, a very comprehensive of leger and substitution benefit or the possible institution of deportation proceedings against him, a very comprehensive report submitted by Agent H.J.Davis in the support of 1920, has been found.

In this report mention is made of Fresca having been interdeded by a newspaper reporter following a meeting, at a less through the checker, held in honor of Caron, applied and dery, three new York anarchists who wore been to chause in a hours on Lexington Avenus during 1914. Treed is altoged to have stated in this interview of believe in violence. Nothing can upto up feel any other way than Caron did."

The report cote forth a statement alleged to have been made by a moral meanth and the apparent wook interviewed by a "norld" contact welletten to the probable guilt of Carbons and impens, as ented for planing a bent in St. Intrick's United to Frie et communitée as follows: "If those defende air and or lity, I went to see them convicted. I believe in whole see but only violence when it advances the course of later."

to hours of idevite substantiating the foregoint, if such africavite can be seemed they will be of very exterial assistance in proparing a sufficiently strong the upon dresses to variant placing the matter before the hopert ent of Labor with a request that deportation proceedings be instituted.

61-1335-93

Hr. H. J. dy nogn

outless of the content as indicated by A out bevis to the state of the content of

Tourn vory truly,

Mirrotor.

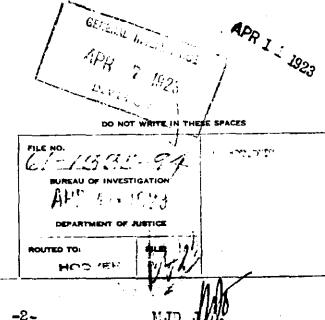
r mile R lla'r. PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: REPORT MADE AT: Mortimer J. Davis Mely Moral Gitter 4-(-95 4-2 IN RECORD PROBLEM Depostation Matter.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Referring to the Director's letter mentioned below, in which it is progrested that cortain affidavits based upon newspaper articles appearing in the NOV YORK JORGO during 1914 and 1915 be secured. Trent desires to advise that the reporter who wrote these articles, We have, . T. MCTMINS, is still associated with the Magnitud (0)(T.), but, at the present time is out of the city on a special assignment. We may be located now at the TOWN WOLL HOUND, Albany, Mow York, where he will be for another week or two.

If the affidavits desired by Washington are not urgently needed. Trent will wait until workins returns to this city. Should they, however, be desired at once, and the Bureau will so advice, ament will make the necessary arrangements to secure same.

Continued.



5/30/83

Tashington -2- Hew York -2-

Department of Justice

Bureau of Inbestigation

15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR NEW YORK, N. Y.

SPECIAL DESTRICT



pril 10, 1923.

Director,
Burcau of Investigation,
Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Responding the J. E. HOOVER Responding Transparents.

1335

Dear Sir:

Referring to your telegram of even date concerning the securing of an affidavit regarding Carlo Tresca, which telegram was received by this Office after five n.m. today, you are advised that Mr. 7. L. Hopkins, the "New York World" reporter from whom this affidavit must be obtained, is at present in Albany, New York, as was previously reported by Agent Davis. It. Hopkins will return to New York City in a few days, at which time he will be interviewed and an endeavor made to secure the necessary affidavit.

It might be mentioned here that the clippings in question date back to 1914 and 1915 and the only comies obtainable are in the "New York World" morgue from where they cannot be removed, making it impossible to secure the affidavit from Mr. Hopkins until he returns to New York.

Special

Yours very truly.

0J9: TJK R-115-3

APR 1 3 1928

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POORDED

April 10, 1957.

P. 6. Box Doll, Oity Hall Bendies, For York Box.

of soils and her to a inclitution of description probable a contract of the contract of probable a contract of the contract of

Yours very truly.

MALLED APRIO 1923 61-1335-96 PR 12 1020 A. M

96

April 10, 1923.

pr. W. C. Sopter, s. C. Bowell. Philadelphia, sa.

h

Door Sir:

The state of the stated that he was not a socialist, but on an energe int.

in the reservable of very enterial accistance in the color

Rindly advise me whether or not such affidavit can be secured. Flease give this matter your prompt attention.

Yours very truly,

Stugtor J

MATT, FO

61-1335-19 61-13\$5-97

Department of Justice

EDWAFD J. BRINKIN (GJS: VD) Bureau of Investigation 15 Park Row, 14th Floor New York, N. Y.

April 11th, 1923.

1335

DIRECTOR, Bureau or Investigation, Department or Justice, Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:-

PA: CANALO TRASCA:

TYPITE No. R-115-E.

Receipt is acknowledged of bureau letter TEB: JWM, dated April 10th, 1923 regarding the above subject.

Special Agent Palmera of this office has been instructed to give this matter particular attention. This Agent is immiliar with the Italian language and will examine the publication "Il Martello" for the purpose of ascertaining what books or pamphlets are distributed or sold thru that publication. It is respectfully requested that this Agent be authorized to expend not to exceed \$2.00 for the purchase of such or the books or pamphlets advertised as may be deemed advisable.

Yours very truly,

EDWARD J. BRENIAN.
Special Agent in Charge

WR - 3 1925

APR 2 5 1928

61-1335-980

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TFD:GA 61-1335

ROD OF STREET

April 21, 1923.

Mr. E. J. Brennan, P. C. Box 241, City Hall Station, New York City.

bear .ir:-

In reply to your letter of the 11th instant in re: CARLO TRESCA, in which authority is requested for an expenditure not to exceed \$2.00 for the purchase of certain radical books or pamphlets being advertised for sale by "Il Martello", an expenditure not exceeding \$2.00 is authorized.

Very truly yours,

Director.

MAPREL 1928

101-1335 6/-/335-79

Alm in

Er. H. J. Johnmes, P. O. Bor 270, St. Faul, Mian.

8 - 10:

I have been a vised that in 1916, Cerlo Green, ditor of the collection of durtallo in for the life the collection of durtallo in for the fron Cre Platrict at the time that John Aler, a certion, was killed. The Daluth "News-pribuse" for June 27, 1916, rives an account of the Euroral procession of direction, Winn, and states that of the procession of a collection to seek. He was at a collection of the procession of the collection of the collection of the procession of the proce

to discours, I must you to into to to do to do to do to the cath: I releasely experted in each caller auruan cheet of touch toy clear, we will take a tooth for a tooth for a tooth of a life."

vente from the little non three that the reporter who it. I to the content had been allest the content had his violances to tell of the content had been three three cat been been content to the content had been and been and been three contents to the content to

onny of the soluth of ico, lorand a copy of a report per a by read hocker, a turns a carry or a report time a chirestal carrost at a me loughly a recent made by tremes on love that colors and loughly a recent made at the time, to a statement by freed to the mineral calling on them to soige the mining property, also to

61-1335-99

en the end delige less of palted States Mark. The less the constant that the reservoir continued writes as follows:

"I were with the nurado this afternoon, and I want to call abjuntion to the espech mile by a man introduced as "Corlo Prison". He told the men that ther sould only well themselves victors about they have lanted the red flag on the minimary of rties. He raid: (non la ptracio coma lo etelle ex le strappe, am In boundary rocan del riscatto not the ran with the same and stripes but the rod lag of our redemption.) He closed The speach caying that when they have can the challe and not beat to work they challe are a the appropriate instruct their or there is not their money to buy cartrition with which to take the mining promartion every from the ruffiant and dirty boncon, and give this property back to husanity to whom they bolors. Yes, ho main the then have and cut the heads of the boccos the arm nor fighting your 20 1 m 2 1 m 2 1 m

Id to not sea Newt thin ny coch as well as the noways or is comply and nhove were investigated for no in the leage, the Prosec west to take the stand in the Ukanasa I. ... or a.

It is decised that every sessible effort be made to substantiate the reservithat Press made the state-enuts set out above, and that affiducits to the effect that he of the every made the decise be secured. This is decised on made in the institution of departation proceeds, a analysis this alien.

plouse give the matter immediate attesting

9311 1928

Yours von truly,

TFB:GA

CUDE

April 10, 1923.

Brennan Park Row Bldg New York City

instent

, 1333 Refer latter thirtieth ultime and report Davis third wire whether affidevite re CARLO TRUSCA can be secured STOP Desire every effort made to secure evidence for deportation of Tresca STOP TWO

Burns

6 1335 April 13, 1923.

Dowd Federal Bldg. Hartford, Cons.

Confidentially inferred Callo TRESCA is invited by Acrosm ad Press to apport at Forum Waterbury April fifteenth 30°C > 25°C

Burns

建设数

61-1335-101

NUIS 2 WE FOR CATHÈURAL BOMBS ON THE POLICE SPY

Abarno. Testifying. Reverses, Story Polignani Told—Asserts He Was Taunted and Threatened — Denies Fuse Lighted-Asserts He Shuddered at Possible Life Loss.

EMPLOYER SWEARS THE MAN TALKED OFTEN OF VIOLENCE.

Carbone, Cross-Examined, Insists Polignani Concocted Piot-Ten Witnesses Have Said Sleuth Only Spoke of Bombs in Meetings - May Test Fuse Lighting in Court.

Abarno pand Curmine Carbeile for participation is the plot to explode a bomb in St. Patrick's Cathedral brought out four bigpoints, which were interpreted in diametrically opposits usinger of the police and by those who say that we

Polignant was the only man they had ever heard sungest violence.

Frank Abarno gave the lie to to a shout. He spuke English.

Abarno said he was introduced to foligami by 'tarione, Jan. L and that he had the home unifoligami by 'tarione, Jan. L and that he had the home arrayied in the Cathedral section he heard the detective talk he itariats.

Neither said has offered to make a test in court to see how long it would let." declared the witness, "and said, the star of the said and the star of the said said.

test in rourt to see how long it would take to light a piece of cord with & rrutius contends Lh

NY MORNING WORLD

on trial are the victime of a bolice. Church in the winter of 1914, was lifted that he had employed Abera milit. They were these:

As to what actually happened the lead admitted after he had explained he had come to get material for a newspaper article.

As to what actually happened the lead come to get material for a newspaper article.

Abarne, wenty-lwo years old, different had come to get material for a newspaper article.

Abarne, wenty-lwo years old, different had come to get material for a newspaper article.

Abarne, wenty-lwo years old, different had the position which each form his eighteen-year-old co-derivation. The with the position which each grouped was reversed.

Ten witnesses, all frequenters of when Mr. Train asked points questions. Carbone's voice scarcely dehad held radical ideas for two years and that he had after the "poor didd" have a chance," that he had add the "poor didd" have a chance, that he had said the "poor didd" was all wrong," that he had been in the other hand, assumed something the habit of making orations to fellow the didd that he had after the poor didd. fers in temperament from his eighteen-year-old to fendant. Carbone, two and deliberate, apoke through an interpretar. Even when Mr. Train asked points questions, Carbone's voice scarcely departed from a monotone. Alserso, on the other hand, assumed something of the maner of an erator, his voice of the maner of an erator, his voice in the habit of miking orations to fellow employees, and that he had dispendently in the spoke English.

The defense was also disappointed when it called Giuseppe Aita as a witness and learned that, following the had been taken to be had been to be had been to be a second or thouse. Trising at times from a hourse whisper

as the rice did not produce, it

and was nelligible feel to a ? Old Comment ind of the same incidents and similar not (think fire A section 1) that the conversations to inose related by the sective. They differed in that they oscilled to the determine that they are their to the determine the conversations to inose related by the section of the section of the section of the section of the property on have testified that the present on have testified that the branch cord fuse made. I said, I lon't want to mix in this, "The witness described how he was a faired on the brief period that the property of the property

testifed that the bumb's cord fuse was lighted as the brief period that Abarno kufft in a new before turning bit is in the direction of the door. A test is court would show if that court be done and Assistant District Attor-ney Train will decide between new and Monday whether or not to offer

new Train will decide between new asked Jim to mit the ingredients of and Monday whether or not to ofter the explosive.

It make it.

It make it that is now is Compt.

An unusually igree crop of running about the activities of Anurchists in connection with the trial kept that to the Third Avenue room and handed prints busy investigating yesterday him a bomb, sayer, "(io nhead, take One was that at a meeting of his that out." Polignant exceeding to the Aharrhist group In Biscoker Birect witness, bought two cigars, and Thursday night, five mon had bean Abarrho lighted see—his first cigar, vicing a bomb in the Criminal Abarroo lighted see—his first cigar, vicing a bomb in the Criminal Abarroo continued in an any that it makes and he laid. You better go, its nad heard aughter nam say that it makes in an Elizabeth me here; they make think I had a sense. ne had overheard a conversation amoust finitumed in an Elizabeth Street sation, which had for its subject the possibility of setting a bomb into the court room through an election short.

A close name

A flow watch was kept at all en-trances to the billions. In the court rem practically every sent beld a detective.

Carlin Tread. the I. W. W. leader, win has and seed lawyers in prepar-ing the defense radical ties des of

each an attempt at violence "ff-these defegions care guitty," he sail to a reporter for The World, "f

end to a repurfer for The World, of court to see them consisted to be bleve in stidence, but orde in solonome bleve in stidence, but orde in solonome bleve it advances the engage of labor. I sum not at Am and of their chyndical An atherwood also do to mapping odd fore served also do it had not pure to coul man, impuritied to the labor of a pulsafe to the order of a policie in another the order of a policie in another than the forest of the forest of the order of the order of the section of the forest of the order of the Trumon to Paters una trendit . Inin

Tannenhaum Attende Leint,

Crank Talpenerson 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 r fen Hingkwehre i Die dietoplein I for ere-A grant and employing " throng ere

The witness described how he was finally induced to "hold the hull" and said be remarked. "It is against human faiture" when his detective asked him to might be ingredients of

Abarno lighted he—his first cigar, be aware, be been a borno, and he said. You better go, it might create a hiprician if they suw me here: they much think I had a borno, I said I would so in and walk right out again. I sickened at the thought of sucrifing human lives. I said down in a pew and just rested and walked back to Poligmani, and said there were too no my to be sacrificed. Wille standing there I was grabbed by the detective.

Desire is a Lighted the Bosse.

by the detective, y.

Benies He Ethics the Rossb.

Polignani sail. Why didn't you light that bornig' I didn't light it.
I had it in my soat. If they accuse me of that they lell a lot of lies."

One of his own witnesses, Herman

Wartzman reported of a light.

S. Wartzmen, proprietor of a Brook-ian ricetrotyping establishment, tea-

27011 testify that Tie Galleoni, Perre Galleoni, Perrene and Cuneo told you to do this, you will get off scot free, Otherwise you will get from forty to

Otherwise you will get from forty to fifty years in hil."
He identified Capt. Tunney as the "chief" who hid given him the "third degree." He niso asserted that on the way to Headquarters he was atruck repeatedly in the face by a detective. He dectared he had been threatened with death if he made any charges to the Judge regarding the police. police.

onlice.

One of the Sories told by the police yesterday was that on the night bey fore there had been a trial in the rooms of the Bleecker Street Anarchists of two suspected spies. The police asserted the Anarchists believed that these two had offered to become witnesses for the defense in order to hurt the prisoners race. order to hurt the prisoners' par

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PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: REPOR HEN MADE

Hartford, Conn.

4/16/23 | 4/14-15/23 | JOHN A. DOUTD

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE RE: CARLO TRESCA

ITALIAN ANARCHIST

. 1333

"AT "HLETFORD:

The following telegram dispatched from Washington, D.C. at 10.30 P.M. on April 13th, 1923, was received at this office on the morning of April 14th, 1923.

"CONFIDENTIALLY INFORMED THAT CARLO TRESCA IS INVITED BY REVEREND BROWN to SPEAK AT THE FORUM WATERBURY APRIL FIFTEENTH STOP TWO."

Agent immediately communicated with GEORGE BEACH Superintendent of Folice, Waterbury, Conn., and asked to be advised if his Department was aware of subject's advent to Waterbury on April 15th, and Agent was informed that it was almost certain that subject would not he put in an appearance at Waterbury on April 15th.

On April 10th, 1923, subject authorized his counsel ATTORNEY WEISSMAN of Waterbury, Conn., to have the courtingoin GEORGE BEACH. Superintendent of Police from prohibiting subject to address an anti-FACISTI meeting, at Waterbury, Conn.

The injunction proceedings came before JUDGE HAINES of the State Superior Court, but were not concluded on April 10th, and were continued until April 17th, 1923, and it was the understanding of all parties in interest that subject would not attampt storaddress

any public meetings at Waterbury, Ct. 6/-133

MAY 5

ntil the injunction proceedings had

erminated.

CASE CONCLUDED in the CONFECTIOUT DISTRICT

MR. HOOVER 3-washington, 1-N.Y. 1-Hartford.

(# 4 % File Mo. R-115-7) Instructions from it in there Bronnan. Journal to be mad at originating office

New York City

√ortimer J. Dovis. T

IT IS SARLO TRIBON - DEFORMATION HAMPER.

FACTS DEVELOPED: At New TORK:

13331

Continuing on this matter, Agent has been, during the above mentioned dates, making efforts to get in touch with Frank L. Hopkins, the reporter of the "Mow Work World" who is supposed to have written the articles of which the Department now desires affidavit.

On the 17th I was advised by the City Meiter of the "World" that Honkins would return to New York over the week end on Saturday, April 14th. Therefore, on the morning of the 13th Agent phoned to the Albany office, requesting that Mr. Hopkins be interviewed at the men Work Wotel there and asked to communicate with this office upon his return to new Mork City. Later in the day Ament was informed over the tel whome by Arent Bord of Albany that Hopkins would return on Saturday evening and would communicate with the Department in New York City.

Hopkins was met at the office of the "New York World" on Saturday evening. Agent endeavored to have him sign an affidavit which had been prepared, but Wookins was reluctant, stating that of the two quotations in the news elimpines which the Department now wishes to use, he can recall only one, i.e., that of April 3, 1915, and regarding that, his arecers. memory is very vague. Hopkins states, June 100 APR 2 5 1923 that he is not at this time positive $\sqrt{}$ THE INTELLS THUS the ther Tresca made the remarks attribd to him, directly to him (Hopkins)

Nashington (3) New York

or whether he obtained this information (as is sometimes done) from other reporters. Hookins, however, stated that the article dated April 3, 1915, appeared to have been written by him, having recognized it by its style and mart of the contents, and upon my suggestion Hopkins agreed to furnish us with an affidavit march stating that the article was written by him, was based upon the facts as he found them at the time and actually appeared in the columns of the "Norld."

night, after interviewing Mopins, to prepare a new affidavit, but at 9:00 p.m. when Agent endeavored to again locate Mopkins at the "World" he had gone. Agent therefore mailed the affidavit to the Ten Eyck Motel requesting Mopkins to sign same and return immediately.

is soon as this addidavit reaches this office it will be forwarded by Special Delivers to Washington.

Department of Justice,

JAD-Mick File Hartford #8222.

Bureau of Investigation.

P.C. Box 348 Hurtford, Conn. A P R I L Seventeenth, MAY 3 1923 1923 PRODESIGN

DIRECTOR, Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.

ATT: TWO.

Dear Sir:-

RE: CARLO TRESCA. Italian Anurchist.

I am in receipt of a communication from WILLIAM M. CLARK, Inspector in Charge, U.S. Department of Labor, Immigration Service, dated Providence, R.I. April 15th, 1923, in which he states that while in materbury, Conn., during the week of April 9th, he called upon GEORGE M. BEACH, Superintendent of Police, and that MR. BEACH brought to his attention the fact that a special report on CARLO TRESCA, furnished Mr. Beach, by our Bureau Office, Washington, D.C. was in part to the effect that CARLO TRESCA prior to coming to the United States in 1904-1905, was convicted and sentenced to a term of two and a half years for "his activities", and Mr. Beach inquired of MR. CLATK if TRESCA could not be deported on this ground.

IIR. CLARK informed Mr. BMACH, that it would be necessary to know for what crime TRESCA was convicted and to be in a position to prove it, and that he, MR. CLARK, would brine the natter to my attention, so that our Bureau could furnish any information in its possession, as the law states that the crime must involve moral turpitude.

I would be pleased if you would inform me the nature of the offense upon which CARLO TRESCA was convicted and sentenced to a term of two years prior to coming to the United States in 1904-1905, and further if the crime involved moral turpitude, so that I can place same before WILLIAM M. CLARK, for his information, and any action that his Department, through him, deems expedient.

Very truly yourg,

COHI A. DOWD

Special Agent in Charge.

61-1335-104

XX

TED: C:: 61-1355 - 104

MAY 3 1928

April 27, 1923.

Mr. John A. Doud, P. C. Box 048, Hartford, Conn.

Done wir: -

In reply to your letter of the 17th instent concerning CARLO TRESCA, in which you state that Mr. Clark, Inspector in Charge of the Immigration Service at Providence, R. I., is interested in ascertaining the nature of the crime of which Tresca was convicted in Italy prior to his coming to the United States, you are advised that the files of the Department do not disclose the exact nature of the act, or acts, of which Tresca was convicted.

The information which I have is to the effect that he was convicted in Italy and given an eighteen months sentence for political agitation. It appears that this was immediately prior to his coming to the United States, he having escaped from Italy without serving the sentence.

Very truly yours

Aured or

MAILED...

APR 27 1928

MANCHETTAL IN -

Cose originated at idelmnia. PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: REPORT ADE BY:

Philadelphia, PA. 4/16/23 4/13/23 B. L. CARMODY -

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

/ CARLO TRESCA

RADICAL

1/335

FACTS DEVELOPED:

AT HERSHEY, PA.:

Referring to Bureau letter dated and initialed as above and to report of Special Agent BUSHA of this office dated May 25th 1922, under the same title, Agent proceeded to Hershey, Pa., where through the cooperation of WM. F. R. MURRIE, General Manager of the TOMASSO MATRASSI HERSHEY CHOCOLATE COMPANY, Agent interviewed workman in the Hershey Plant regarding the statement that he made, TRESCA'S appearance in Hershey on May 14th 1922 shortly after which was to the effect that he had asked TRESCA if he was a Socialist and had been given a reply "No - I am not a Socialist - I am an Anarchist."

Through the services of an interpreter, Agent closely MATRASSI who denied that he had ever asked subject any such question. He stated, however, that he had been present at the meeting and that the main topic of subject's speech was VANZETTI and against the Italian in regard to SACCO ಟnd Government; that he, (LATRASSI) has known TRESCA for a long time

having first become acquainted with him in Wilkes-Barre, Pa., and he knows TRESCA 6/-/335-/05 to be a "bad actor". and believes him to be an Anarchist, but that he has haver been told openly by subject that

_ MAY 9

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JS: 3-WASH: 1-PHILA.

he is an inarchist.

no amount of questioning by Agent would cause MATRASSI to change his statement and it was therefore deemed advisable not to take an affidavit on MATRASSI'S hearsay evidence.

CONCLUDED:

-1140

Case originated at a coul office. critinating office ONL Journal to be dade

REPORT MADE AT:

PERIOD FOR WEICH MADE:

St. Paul, Minn.

4/18/23

4/17/23

Michael J. Johannes.

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE

CARLO TRESCO

FACTS DEVELOPED:

(File No. 5351)

ノ333

Radical I. W. W.

At Minneapolis, Linn.:

Reference is made to previous reports in the above entitled matter, and particularly to the Director's letter referred to below.

Agent called at the Wm. J. Burns International Detective Agency at 254 McMnight Building, Minneapolis, Minnesota, and interviewed WALTER S. FORDON and M. J. P. THEXTON in regard to the above matter, and in looking over their records found that a report was written on the above subject by one of their Operators, FRAHK LEEDER, under date of November 20th, 1913, in which subject, CARLO TRESCO is reported as laving stated to his audience as follows: "You men could only call yourselves Victors when you plant the red flag on the mining properties. I do not mean by this the stars and stripes but the red flag of our redemption". Pe closed his speech by saying "when we have won this strike and you men so back to work you should save your money to buy cartridges with so that you can take the mining property away from the ruffians and dirty bosses and make them give the property back to humanity to woom it belongs". He is also recorted to have said that "the only way to get this was to cut the heads CONCINCIA CID

off the boshes who are now fighting your rights"#

In checking over the report GORDON, Ament/found a report

COMES OF THIS REPORT PURNISHED TO: JEH-TFB-J/M+4/11/23

Director (3)

MAY 3

1923

of Operator FRANK LEEDER which was dated July 2nd, 1916, at the time of the strike at Calumet, Michigan, in which he stated that subject was indicted in the State of Pennsylvania for causing rioting and that he served a term in the State Penitentiary there, and also that he served a term in the State of New Jersey, where he was indicted and convicted for insulting the American Flag. The report also showed that he was arrested and indicted at Calumet, Michigan, in January 1914 for insulting the American Flag.

Agent inquired of Mr. GORDON and MR. THEXTON if they knew the present whereabouts of FRANK LEEDER so that he could be subgoomaed before the Deportation Hearing, and they informed Agent that LEEDER died about a year ago at Minneapolis, Minnesota; that he fell off a truck while working undercover and was killed.

Agent then called at the office of the Minneapolis Daily News and interviewed THOMAS MOODY, who is a reporter for said paper. Agent questioned him in regard to the funeral of JOHN ALAR which was held at Virginia, Minnesota. He stated that he attended the funeral and was present at the grave when CARLO TRESCA gave a talk in the Italian language. After he concluded his speech, he asked every man present at the funeral to raise his right hand and swear with him as follows: "I want you to take the following Oath: I solemnly swear that if any Oliver gunman shoots or wounds any miner, we will take a tooth for a tooth, an eve for an eye, blood for blood or a life for a life". Mr. MOODY also tated that at that time he was reporter for the Duluth Herald and one named JOHN C. HAMMOND was the reporter for the Duluth News Tribune.

Mr. MOODY also told Agent that he was present at the meeting

a speech in which he condemned the Flag of this country and referred to it as "not the rag with the stars and stripes but our red flag". Agent asked Mr. MOODY if he would be willing to testify before a hearing on deportation of CARLO TRESCA if he was subpoenced, and he stated that he would be very glad to do so, and would bring his notes along which he thought he still had at home. He stated that he did not care to make an affidavit, but would testify to the above facts.

At Saint Paul, Minn.:

Agent was informed that JOFN C. HAMMOND was now employed as Financial Editor of the Saint Paul Dispatch. Agent then called at the Saint Paul Dispatch and interviewed JOHN C. HAMMOND. He also verified the statement of THOMAS MODDY, stating that he was at the funeral of JOHN AMAR at which time CARLO TRESCA made a short speech and after the speech he raised his right hand and requested the men present to swear as follows: "I solemnly swear that if any Oliver gunman shoots or wounds any miner, we will take a tooth for a tooth, an eye for an eye, clood for blood or a life for a life".

Agent asked Mr. HAMMOND if he was present at any other meeting at which CARLO TRESCA condemned the flag of this country or made any other remarks against our country, and he stated that he did not, but that he covered the strike for the Duluth News Tribune in 1916 gent asked him if he was subpoensed would he be willing to testify as that he would be very glad to do so. MR. HAMMOND did not care to make an affidavit, but said that he would be willing to testify to the above

facts.

Agent is of the opinion that THOMAS MODY and JOHN C. HAMINOND would be very valuable witnesses for the Government at the deportation hearing.

Closed.

TFB: GA 61-1335-106

MAY 3 1923

April 28, 1923.

Mr. M. J. Johannes, P. O. For 273, St. Saul, Minn.

bear bir:-

I am in receipt of your report submitted on the 18th instant, in re: CARLOFTRESCA. In this report I note that Hr. Hoody of the Minneapolis Daily News and Mr. Hammond of the Duluth News Tribune would both be willing to testify to the fact that at the funeral of John Alar, held at Virginia, Minn., Tresca, after making a talk in the Italian language, raised his right hand and asked everyone to take an eath, the substance of which was quoted in your report. It is not stated whether this eath was administered in English or Italian, nor does it appear whether or not Messrs. Hoody and Hammond understand the Italian language.

Floase make appropriate inquiry in the matter, and adviso no.

Very truly yours

Wirector.

M A I L E D APR 23 1923

ing office only. urnal to be made at origin .

REPO

REPORT MADE AT

PURIOD FOR WHILE MADE:

Hartford, Conn. | 4/18/23 | 4/17/23

JOHN A. DOWD

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE RE: CARLO TRESCA

ALLEGED ITALIAN ANARCHIST.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

AT HARTFORD:

1333

Continuing this matter last reported by Agent inder date of April 16th, 1923, Agent is advised that JUDGE FRANK D. HAINES in the Superior Court, at materbury, Conn., on April 17th, 1923, dismissed the application brought in the name of V. AQUALIO and the WATERBURY DEFENSE LEAGUE, a branch of the AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION. for an injunction to restrain GEORGE M. BEACH, SUPERINTENDENT of POLICE, Waterbury, Conn., from preventing CARLO TRESCA a noted radical and an anti-FACISTI LAADER, from speaking in waterbury, Conn.

Judge Haines' jurisdiction in the case was questioned on April 8th, 1923, and he took the matter under advisement. On this date he is said to have read his decision from the bench to a crowded court room, saying he did not feel that the applicant had good ground for equitable relief because he had full, adequate and complete remedy at law. He mentioned the fact that TRESCA and others had sued Superintendent Beach for \$10,000. damages. He said he folt he had no rightful authority to issue the injunction.

CASE CONCLUDED CONNECTICUT DISERICULTE IN THESE SPACES

MAY 5 1923 EPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: MR. HOOVER 3-Washington, 1-Hartford.1-N.Y. 6/- /335

idinate: at . Formul to be dade at IV aly aly attons: Mvg . Trennan, 3pl. "ont in grae. W File R 115 g.

NOT VOME DITE 4-20-23 4-20 Nortimer J. Davis

IN RT: 01200 TUNDO1
Deportation Matter.

1335

FACTS DEVELOPED:

continuing this matter, and referring to previous reports, I am attaching hereto, in duplicate, the affidavit of TRAIN L. UCPKING, a Reporter employed by the MORNING MORLD, as requested by the Bureau.

whis is the form in which Mr. Hopkins insisted on similar the affidavit, for, as I have stated in a previous report, he states he cannot at this time testify that the remarks contained in the newspaper clipping attached, were actually made to him by MRTSCL. His best recollection is that the article as written and attached to the affidavit, is correct in substance.

no randing a second quotation attributed to Tresca in a New York World clipping, which was referred to by the Director, the New York World has, up to the present time, been unable to locate in their records the name of the reporter who was responsible for it but are still continuing their efforts.

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

FILE NO.

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

DEPARTMENT OF AMETICA

ROUTED TO:

M.JD.

M.JD.

TFB

Tachington -3- New York -2-

Q/

JF ALBANY.

UNITY OF ALBANY.

STATE-OF NEW YORK

FRANK L. HOPKINS, of legal age, being duly aworn, deposes and says:

That he is a Reporter in the employ of "The World", a daily morning newspaper published at 63 Park Row, city, county and state of New York; that he was so employed and engaged on the 5rd day of April, 1915; that on the date mentioned, in the course of his official duties, he had occasion to compose and prepare a news article for publication in the said "World"; that the said news article appeared in published form on the front page of "The World" on the morning of April 5rd, 1915 under the caption "Puts Blame for Cathederal Bombs on the Police Spy".

Deponent further states that the photographic reproduction of the news article bearing the caption "Puts Blame for Cathederal Bombs on the Police Spy" which is appended to this affidavit, and which is marked by deponent with his initials for identification, is a true and correct copy of the mentioned news report and article.

Deponent further states that to the best of his knowledge and belief the text of the mentioned news article is substantially correct and based upon facts and statements ascertained by and reported to the deponent.personally.

Mibsoribed and sworn to before me this // day of April 1923.

Motary Public.

COMEY OF ALBANY. COLOR STATE OF HEW YORK

PRANK L. HOPKING, of legal are, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

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Shosoribed and sworn to before me

Notary Public/

PERIOD FOR WITCH MADE:

Mew +ork H.I.

Apr. 26, 1923 ...pr. 26, 1923

Wm. R. Palmers.

mE: CARLO TRESCA - Alleged Italian Anarchist.

FACTS DEVLLOPED

At Mew Tork

/ /333

Reference is made to bureau letter initialedris: WM April 10,1923 instructing that information be obtained as to books and pamphlets advertised in "Il Martello".

Reference is made to this Agent's report in re Confidential dated April 25,1923, from which it will be noted that increased activity in connection with distribution of literature is proposed in the near future. It is believed that this renewed activity will afford a better opportunity to comply with bureau letter, noted above. This matter is being given close attention by this Agent.

DEPARTMENT OF JUST

WRP.

Case originated - St. Paul, Minn Journal to be the at aritimation of lice

REPORT MADE AT: DATE WHEN MADE: PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: REPORT MADE BY:

St. Paul, Lino.

5/1/25

4/30/23

Michael J. Johannes.

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE.

CARLO TRESCA

Radical I. W. W.

41-1333

FACTS DEVELOPED:

At Saint Paul, inn.:

(File No. 5351)

Reference is unde to my report dated April 18th, 1922, entitled "CARLO TRESCA, Radical I. W. I." and particularly to the Director's letter referred to below.

TUO AS - CDY, Reporter for the Minneapolis Daily News, JOHN C. F. .. Co., Simuncial Editor of the Saint Paul Dispatch, both stated that at the funeral of JOHN ALAR held at Virginia, Linnesota, CARLO TRESCA gave a speech in the Italian Language and after he had concluded his speech, he asked every man present at the funeral to raise his right hand and swear with him as follows:

> "I want you to take the following oath: I solemnly swear that if any Oliver gunman shoots or wounds any miner, we will take a tooth for a tooth, an eye for an eye, blood for blood on a life for a life".

IR. HOODY and Mr. F.MIOND both stated that this Oath was administered in the English language but that the speech was made in the Italian language.

Agent also asked Mr. MOODY and MR. HAMMOND if they understood the Italian language, and they both stated that they did not.

Closec.

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES JUL 1 8 1923 BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION عالت بروديان

COPIES OF THUS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

TFB-GA -61-1235

4-28-23

Director (3)

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ric duraction and our appearings. In Grange [Edward J. Brennan: Ref. Fire Ro. R-115-1

REPORT MADE AT:

W .N MADE

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE:

REPF WAL BY:

NEW YORK, H.Y.

5/5/23

5/5/23

WILLIAM RALPH PAIMERA

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE

R.:

CARLO TRESCA Alleged Italian Anarchist.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

(1/335

Complying with Bureau letter noted below, requesting that this office secure information if possible establishing definitely the anarchistic tendencies and activities of the above of subject, agent purchased the book/"Rationalist Propaganda," written by Tresca which is advertised in "Il Martello" of April 14th and 21, entitled "That is Religion."

This book clearly indicates that the author is an atheist. Most of the chapters are devoted to ridiculing the bible and the existence of God.

On page 12, the 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th paragraphs is the following:

"The bourgeois, although he is an atheist, thinks that a scare-crow God is a good fabrication for the workers, who fearing hell beyond the grave, are satisfied with terrestrial sufferings.

"As long as a man expects justice from God,
he does not claim it, he does not fight to get it on early as long
as the faithful laborer gazes at the heurens to see

Cod and a cost to him of the carthly

miseries, there will always be some

DEPARTMENT OF ASTRCE

1023

and lighten his almost empty pockets." H

TEB/J.14 4/10/23 "ASHINGTON (2) NEW YOLK (2)

WRP-WED WEE

7-110

NL., TOLL,R.T. 5/5/23

CARLO TRESCA

W.R. PALMERA

"This is why, workers - priests and masters speak to you about God. God is the broker of the rich, he orders you humility, obedience, resignation on behalf of the master, of the Hing, of the priest, of the policeman."

The first and second paragraph on Tage 84 sets forth that the dominacting clauses have always used religion and that as an instrument to seep the vorters down, this fact explains the usual religious revivals urged by atheists to hear the poor in subjection."

The book closes with the following on Fages 85 and 57.

rit is clear, therefore, that religion serves to keep the worker down, resigned, humble and obedient. Religion is a very powerful weapon in the hands of the masters and pricate to the detriment of the people. But the working masses, already enlightened by the Nationalistic Propaganda, will detach themselves entirely from the church as this is an obstacle to their besterment. We conclude:

"It is not the Socialists who want the destruction of religion, but it is the progressing civilization that is constantly pushing it back."

Agent will watch the radical books advertised in the Hartello- and investigation will be continued.

Instructions recorved from agent in harge, a.g. Blackmon Case originated at we York. Journal at origin ng office ONLY

REPORT MADE AT: PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: W. L. Buchanan 5 /7 /23 Buffalo. N.Y. 7/5-7/23 TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: CARLO TRESCA ALLEGED ANARCHIST At Builalo, N. 4. Attention - Mr. Keenwas Hoover -2

BUFFALO FILE #15466

On May 5th a telegram was received from Agent in Charge Brennan. New York City, stating that CARLO TRESCA, alleged Italian Anarchist, was to speak in Buffalo Saturday and Sunday, May 5th and 6th.

11

Pursuant to instructions, Agent conferred with informants, also with Italian detectives on the city police force, but could get no information in regard to TRESCA being in the city or in regard to any proposed meeting.

Agent then arranged with Chief of Police Burfeind and Assistant Chief warnon to cover every hall or meeting place in this city in was to speak. At noon Sunday, an effort to learn where TRESCA the 6th instant, it was learned that TRESCA was to speak in Venus Hall, 265 Seneca Street, at 2 p.m. A circular had been issued printed in Italian and the following is a translation of same 1/2/23

"WORKERS:

DOWN WITH THE "FASCISTI ASSASSIN" LIBERTY TO SACCO AND VANZETTI AND TO TALL THE POLITICAL VICTIMS

MUST BE THE HURRAH OF ALL THE WORKERS

Washington-2; New York-2; Buffal o-1

WLB/CMR

南军不正定任

OF BUFFALO

VENUS HALL

265 SENECA STREET

SPEAKER

CARLO TRESCA

ENTRANCE AND WORD FREELY, EVEN TO THE FASCISTI COMMITTEE.

A GROUP OF WORKERS"

Assistant Chief Marnon notified Police Captain McDonald of the --Second Precinct, who notified the owner of Venus Hall that no permit had been granted by the police for this meeting, and the owner of the hall then refused to allow the meeting to be held.

About 300 Italians had gathered in the vicinity to attend the meeting.

when it was learned that the meeting could not be held, TRESCA and about 200 Italians, adjourned to the old Syrian Church Hall at 465 Seneca Street and there held a short meeting. Italian detectives Perry and Marinaccio attended this meeting. TRESCA did not speak, and James Battistoni, local Italian Socialist, and Patrick J. Quinlan, Editor of the "New Age", the local Socialist paper, addressed the Italians. They stated that the meeting in Venus hall at which Tresca was to speak was for the purpose of denouncing the Italian Fascisti and also for the purpose of collecting funds for the defense of Sacco and Vanzetti and other political prisoners, and they also

stated that a committee would be appointed to attend the next meeting of the City Council to protest against the action of the police in stopping the meeting.

CLOSED



In reply refer to บน 865-172

DEPARTMENT OF STATE WASHINGTON

May 8, 1923

Horizar

Dear Mr. Burns:

ilease refer to your letter of harch 19, 1923, initialed TED: GA, relative to Carlo Tresca. Italian authorities here have requested that they be hept advised of his movements in order that the home authorities may be posted if he should decide to go back to Italy.

I should eporeciate being advised of the present statue of the case.

Very truly

/illiam J. borns, Esquire,

pirector, sureau of investigation 64 33

... Department of Justice,

Jushington, D. C.

Instructions Agent in James Brenner: Threstightion original des new york Officend ile lo. OTINING OTH 5/13/23 5/13/23 AREMIA HALFH FAIRERA CALLO FREEDOM - ALLEGED IPALIAN ANALCHIOF FACTS DEVELOPED: dony lying with jureau letter noted below and continuing this in estigation, agent is submitting a copy of translatiff of an erwick which appeared in "Il Martello," of issue May 5th, 1925, entitled "DO IT I DOING IN," which article this agent translated for the "gulecu of franchation and Radical rublications". Attention is particularly called to the tenth paragraph of wais article. **阿汉 美丽寺** NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES WRP. .RI - ED TFB/JJ 11 HINGROW (3) MIN YOUR (2)

6 MARTALO
talian - Anarchist
age 1 cols. 5-6 Page 2 cols. 1-2

)y 5, 1923

New York City

DOWN AT THE MORN ROTTY

Guido Podrecca, the ex-writer of anti-olerical pornography, has laced himself among the number of the scendelized (the fascists, like the u Klux Klan love to pass for puritons, for crusaders of public morality), secause we, who hate monarchy with all our soul, have not bowed our heads ith reverence while the royal princess was going to the alter to marry the avalryman of her heart.

The ex-socialist and ex-atheist (Podrecca), to-day a fascist nd a religious man wrote in the "Frogresso of April 14th as follows:

"Must the Fasci be forbidden to make a propagenda of national—
am and constitutionalism (which should be greeted by all hospitable governents), while it is allowed some newspapers to vilify the purity of the
italian royal princesses, while said newspapers are weekly spread among
housands of miners in small communities, carrying news about Mussolini's
overnment being made up of thieves, and he himself represented as a murderr, and urgs them not to send any money in Italy, as the nation, they say,
s in bankruptcy."

No: no one will stop from making propagands of nationalism: specially we will not stop you, as we are the heralds of free speech.

But we, too, shall not be stopped from making propagands of antiatriotism, and above all from making propagands against the Savoy monarchy, hich is blotted with blood and mud, and is like an octopus with a thousand antacles sucking blood and sweet from the bodies of the Italian people.

This story about the purity of royal princesses has already gone round the colonies, and some of the "simpletons" have wept over it.

The fact is that no such insult or injury about the innocence of the princess, whom the mollified and decrepit Guido is so fond of, was ver made; but we can easily explain why they defend so much the House of avoy.

In the Courts there is a great deal of scendels, and the Italian ourt is not immune from this moth which (like the caries of Alphonso of pain and the syphilis of the ex-Kaiser) is grawing the foundations of the hrone and of the so-called divine right!

Temptations do not lack where there are scandals and gossips. rinces, princesses, queens and kinds are no exception to this; and we the sbellious iconoclasts, are here to break the veil and denude.... the divine ight.

If we said that king Alphonso has the stigmas of degeneration of a debauched and corrupt race on his body, that his blood is more syphilities han royal, and that he is paying for all the debaucheries of the Bourbons; hen redreces would descistically say: I don't give a fack; I don't give a tack.

If we wrote that the Keiser has in his veine the blood of one chmettan a strong courtisan, then the fascists would joyfully say that they new it.

IL MARRILO
Italian - Americat (
continued

L. 5, 1923

Few York City

Podreces knows what Victor Bugo said to Repoleon III. Ortensia Beauharneis's child and Bugons Montijo's husband: "You are not your father's son, nor your son's father."

But if we related that Victor Emermel II, the Father of the Country, was really the of Spring of a butcher from Pogio Imperials near Florence, who substituted an original son of Savoy, burned to death in the duest castle of Poggio, then the fascists would grunt like pigs and Shut up, sacrilegist.

Ror will we relate all of the adventures of the flower at the of the Duke D'Aosta, of Victor Emanuel II, of Humbert the good, etc. but we will say that these amorous adventures cost the people tears of blood. For after all, it is the people that pays 16 million and 650 thousand lire to the king every your, besides paying the bills of the princes, dukes, princeses, counts, and all the she-welves and other hyens of the royal managerie.

The Progresso" with its article of Guido Podrecca echoes the "Veglio" of Wilkes Barre in invoking a crusede against us for injuring the modesty of royal princesses."

There was no injury. But even if we grant that your princeses remain pure like lilies in those surrounding just described, what do we care?

Respect to women? And do you dare talk about that, you canaill fascists? You talk to us about royal women.

How about the daughters of the common people? Have they been

forgotten?

The Catholic Fromer "L'Italia" of Milan, and "Il Momento" of Turin have related how the faccists assaulted court news to what "La Stampa" relates, had her hair out and her face varnished. An old woman, of 75, mother of the Oranges, Mayor Gagliano Maggio was given a quart of caster oil to drink.

You ere the persetrators of outrage against the women of the common people, and then defend the gentle women.

You want to uplift monarchy. The love intrigues of a young princess can do that..

sing, if you want, the preise of the royal maid. We know that each and every jowel the wears on her nuptial crown is made up of terms of blood, of flesh of the people, and we ory out once more with all the strength of our soul: Down with Monarchy! After all, Guido Todecca was to mait the same cry, he who to-day kisses the Pope's slipper and helds the candle for the princess who is dying of ... love.

By Ego Sum.

F.S. We had already written this erticle when we were notified of Zedreen."
desth just when the shame of the abjuration had overcome him. We have also
received just now a biography of the dead man written by our collaborates
from Italy, comrade Paul Valera. We shall publish it in our next issue.

ENOT TILLET TO UNLAUGH

监] 5, 1923

IL MARTELLO Italian inerchist continued

New York City

It will be our necrology to the man whom all the colonial press, lurid and mercenary, is exalting to-day as an exemple of courage and faith.

J. R. PALLERA WAR. Special Agent and Translator.

JD:

Instructions o spec.Agt. in Charge S.V. File No. R-115-E. Brennan: Cac or instead of Originating of Conly.

Depart made at: Date when made: Period for which made: Report made by:

No. YORK, No. 1. 6/12/23 6/12/23 ILLIAM RALFH FAIMURA

The and character of case.

RE: CARLO Preside Anarchist.

FACTS DEVELOPED:

Continuing this matter and complying with Bureau letter noted below, concerning activities of subject, agent is cubmitting the following printed in "Il Hartello" of June 9th, 1925 on lare 4, Column 6:

"Library of Il Martello, Station D, Box 92, New York.

"A scientific and secure method to render men and women immune from veneral and syphilitic contagion.

By Dr. G. Aulisio, Trice 91.00.

"Neo- Halthusianiam made practical,

By Bemale doctor Cecchi, Trice 30.75."

JUN 1 9 1823

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
JUN 1 3 2 A. V
DEPARTMENT OF ARMICE
ROUTED TO:
HOOVER
WRP.

MEFERENCE:

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

TFB/J.M LASHILGTON (3) NEW YORK (2)

RF-7ED

m 4/10/23

7-110

Department of Justice

Bureau of Inbestination 15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR NEW YORK, N. Y.

TELEPHONE, BARCLAY \$160 POST OFFICE BOX 241 AUG 17 1923 J. B. C.

August 15th, 1923.

Director, Bureau of Investigation. Department of Justice. Washington, D.C.

Attention J.E. Hoover, Esq., Re: Carlo Tresca. Italian Anarchist, Anti-Fascisti Activities. N.Y. File No. R-115-E.

Dear Sir:

On the 14th instant, Carlo Tresca, Editor of "Il Martello" (The Hammer), an anarchist and anti-Fascisti , newspaper, published in the Italian language, with offices at 304 West 14th Street, was arrested by U.S. Deputy Marshal Henry Cunningham.

The charge against Tresca was "mailing and delivering unmailable matter through the U.S. mails." and he was taken to the Tombs Prison, where he was held overnight. Upon being examined at the Tombs, he stated he was 43 years of age. lived at 304 E. 14th Street, was born in Italy and was not an American citizen.

This morning Tresca was arraigned before Commissioner Mitchcock and his hearing was set down for September 26th. Bail which was placed at \$1,000 was furnished by some of his friends and Congressman Florello LaGuardia appeared as his counsel. You will promptly be advised of any further develop-AUG 2 8 1992 PECORDED ments in this matter.

Very truly yours,

F.X. O'DONNELL.

Acting Special Agent in Charge.

AUG 16 1923 A. M

HOOVER

JGT-WED

Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

15 PARK ROW, 14TH FLOOR NEW YORK, N. Y.

01-1333

August 16,1923.

Director, Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, Washington, D.O.

U.S. vs Carlo Tresca - Alleged Violation Sec. 211, U.S.C.C. Sending Non-Mails ale Matter Through the Mails.

Deer Sir:

regard to the errest of the above individual, I am transmitting herewith for your information, translation of an article
sphering in the July 8th, 1923 issue of "Il Martello," (The
Heamer) under the cartion "The Dynasty of Treachery and Infamy."

I am informed by Agent Palmera that this translation covers the same subject matter as did the article, for the mailing of which, Tresca has been indicted... an obscene attack on the Savoy Lynasty.

Very truly yours,

F.X.0'LORNALL.

Acting Special Agent in Charge.

JGT-Widd inclus.

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RECURS

AUG 18 192. A. M

POOVER - FILE

IL MARTELLO Italiań weskly - Ararchist Page 2 cols. 1-2 July 8, 1923

New York City

THE DYNASTY OF TREACHERY AND INFAMY

According to what some committee from America write to me, my articles on the Savoy Dynasty, them "have caused the geese of the Italo-American Colonies holler?

But, then, what will those goese say when they read what one of the most known phil-fascist newspapers wrote in occasion of the so-called "Soldins" (a farthing) demonstration?

Listen:

"However coarse the trick of the new zealots of monarchy may be, in as much as Italy does not lack imbediles and monarchics who in good faith believe into a national and even an imperial mission, it will do no harm to remember to the ones, and to the others that, having legitimism and the old regime gone down forever, the constitutional monarchy is practically translated into agnosticism and political opportunism.

As to history, we must also remember that the Italian monarchy has been, now and then, reactionary, liberal warlike, socialist, philo-bolahovik, republican, (yes, republican, too) and finally fascist. That is to say, it has been everything and nothing.

It seems to us, then, that politically speaking, one can fore-know from the consideration of a transcendent monarchic power and only hold present the historical and dislectic process of the nation".

I leave out the rest for brevity's sake and because it concerns especially the Sicilian anti-fascism demonstrants treated by the revolutionary (??!!) philo-fascism newspaper wan like a flock of Borbonic slaves, worthy heirs of the bands of Cardinal Ruffo, before whom fascism represents the glory of Rome, the genius of Dante, etc. I will talk about this matter in another article pretty soon, and now I go back to Savoy House.

As anybody can see, I am not the only one to affirm on historic basis that the Envoy dynasty has been the utmost incormation of changes and treachery and cheating day perfidy; that it fitted itself magnificantly to all the knavories, shames, traps, that it has fornicated with everybody and exploited everybody. Even the incensers of fascism and all kinds of pillagers graciously admit this, when it is convenient, and they act like the thieves of Fisa, who robbed together at night and fought over the booty in daytime.

All the accomplices of fascism have felt the donkey's kick; even the army which that parancia (of Itale Balbo wanted to abolish to leave a free and absolute field to the national militia or delinquency. No wender, then, that even the ruffians, the rescale, the degenerates of Royal blood, beginning from the Duke of Acate prove this to be true.

Ah, that duke worthy of a brothel and transformed into an

IL MATELLO
Italian Weekly - and hist
continued

July 8, 1923

New York City

army captain for the occasion. If you are familiar with psychiatric studies, make first a good anamesis of this arrant knave, observe him attentively and then tell me whether you don't find yourself before the filthiest libertine pederast of whom Mussolini's empire may boast. I had a chance to see him nown, not long ago, and I felt the impression to look at the second corrected and abridged edition of Dionysius Jr. the filthy tyrant of Syracuse, whom Tincoleon compelled to end his infamous life as a whoremorear in the taverns and in the brothels of Corinth. The Duke of Assta lacks only the end to be compared with Dionysius and we not only hope that it may not lack, but that it may come soon.

and where do you put that other worthy brother of his, the generalisismo of the Italian Cavalry, the so-called Count of Turing He. is enother dull, blockheed of the faithless dynasty, a perfect brother in degeneration and libertinage of Duke Dionysius. Intimate friend of that Don Rodriguez in 64th of the Maremma, answering the name of the Fisen Count of Gharardasca, he was invited, many years ago by this one to visit the stables of Bolgheri, a feudel estate with the JUS PRIME ECTIS (right of first night) of the very worthy heir of Count Ugoline. "That day (The "Partello" of Piombins sarcastically wrote) the stallions of the Cherordesca stable neighed with joy and were jolly at the sight of such visitor". Joseph Ginsti in his INCORTATION marked with infamy "The Savoierd yellow with remorses". Charles Albert, the renegate, the traitor. To-day to look well in the faces of his livid scions, they all seem to be "yellow with remorses", certainly not for the vulgar betragala performed against the faith eworn to the constitution, against the liberty, sgainst the Italian people: but for the danger threatening them to finish like the proverbial thieves of Fise through the very work of Canallone from Predappio (manning Mussolini) and affiliates in fesciem.

By Paul Schiechi.

M. R. PALMERA WERR.
Special Agent and Translator.

August 24, 1923.

Honorable J. H. Donnelly, Acting Solicitor, Post Office Department, Washington, D. C.

Hy doer Sir:

I am enclosing herewith, for your information, copy of an article appearing in "Il Mart the" for July 8th, 1923, entitled "The Dynasty of Treachery and Infamy". This article, if not obscene, certainly is very close to it.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Encl. 13119.

MAILED

AUP O

August 18, 1923.

Mr. Morman Armour,
Department of State,
Washington, D. C.
Dear Mr. Armour:

61-1335

your information a copy of the article appearing in "Il Hartello", which resulted in the arrest of the Editor of that paper. Carlo Tresca. I shall be very glad indeed to forward to you reports upon this matter as they are received.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Mngl. 18105.

61-1335-18 AUG'201923A

FILE

61-1335-118

August 18, 1923.

Mr. E. J. Brennan, P. O. Box 241, City Hall Station, New York City.

Dear Sir:-

rleads pregare for me a summary of your records as to the status of the present case of CARLO TRUSCA, for violation of the Postal Laws, and forward dame to me at once. I desire that you keep me fully and promptly advised of all devolopments in this case.

Very truly yours.

MAR

ALLED
AUGI3 KT8

61-1335-119

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

JOURNAL MEMORANDUM

Daro Chignot 20-1923 Office Yen fort	
TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:	
M. S. rs. Carlo Tresca - Vive Sec 21	2 (C (matter itry), orail
monoritan Ownean Letter 7.7 B	,
Local Office No. 1/3/1/2 Bureau No.	Other Office No.
Assigned to Special Agent U(aas)	Date (14 20/33
Ressigned to Special Agent.	Date
Resissigned to Special Agent.	Date
STATUS OF CASE	
Referred to U.S. Automoy	Date
U.S Comm. Warrants Issued.	Date
Prelimate any Hearing.	Date
Costanest Henrings	Date
Prescoted to Grand Jury	Date
Indictorious Returned	Date
Arraignment and Plea	Date.
Set for Trial (Nume of helge, court, and place.)	Date
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NOTE.—This form is to be filled in by typewriter or ink.	

Not Recorded

ACCUSES ITALIAN ENVOY. Editor Says U. S. Is Used as Agent of Vengeance in His Arrest. Carlo Tresca, editor of Il Martello, an anti-Fasciti weekly. Who was arrested by Postal Inspector Owen on Tuesday I night and locked up in the Tombs on a laboration of the main for the charge of having used the mails for the charge or naving used the mails for the distribution of obscesse matter, was held distribution of obscesse matter, was neighborsterday in \$1,000 bail by United States. Commissioner Hitchcock for examina-Tresca blames the Italian Ambassador treacs mames the tentair amusesation for his arrest and accuses him of using tion. .. tor his acrest and accuses him or usual, the United States as an agent to wreak vengeance on a political enemy. The article complained of was pub-lished in il Martello on May 5, and it is charged that with the publication it is charged that with the publication there was mailed copies of a book alleged to be obscene. It is also charged that this issue of the publication contained on the front page an article with tained on the front page an article with the caption. Down with the Monarchy, and that parts of it were so indecent that extracts were omitted from the comthat extracts were omitted from the com-plaint to avoid making such alleged obpigint to group making such alleged on-Jectionable matter part of the records of the Federal Court. One part of the complaint of the mentioned in the complaint of the complaint of the complaint of the search o the situr in order to join hands with him, ou may raise to the skies, like the braying of asses, the chorus of praise of the virtues of the royal damsel, we find that every gem worn by Yolands in her wedding sown is made of tears and blood. The offensive article is signed Ego gum." Not Recorded

The tructions of Spec et. in Charge N.Y F le no. ginated H.i. H.J. Brennan: Cas PLPOR MADE AT LUAM MAHW PERIOD FOR WHILLI MADE: ADE BY NEW YORK, H.Y. 8/21/23 8/20/23 JOHN L. HAAS TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE: RE: CARLO TRESUA Viol. Sec. 212, U.S.C.C. Sending Obscene Matter Through the FACTS DEVELOPED Acting under instructions, I proceeded to the U.S. Perchal's office in the Federal Building, New York and outsined the following information: On Aug. 14,1923, Owen Keen, Post Office Inspector in this city filed a complaint before U.A. Commissioner hitchcock, charging aubject with a violation of Section 212, U.S.CC. (Sending Obscene Latter Through the Mails), to wit: an article published in "Il Martello." a newspaper owned and published by subject, issue of may 5th, 1923, the cartion of which is "Down With Monarchy" and signed "Jgo Sum;" that this article among other things unfit to publich contained the following: "Thus also cried once, Guido Poducco, but who today is kissing the slippers of the Pope and is holding the candle to the Frincesses, pining away of love." A warrant was issued and he was taken into custody by Deputy U.D. Marshal Henry Cunningham and lodged in the Tomos prison. On Aug. 15th subject was arraigned before i.S.

Commissioner mitchcock, was released under a 1,000 born and is to apper 61-1335 -120 ATION LENERAL INTELLIGENCE

ROUTED TO: HELD CON E.

for herring at 2:00 P.m. on Sept.

25th, 1920.

I also

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO

WASHINGTON (3) NEW YORK (2)

JLJ!/WED

N.E. YOEL, H.Y. 8/21, 25 CARLO T.ELCA

J.1. HAAS

conferred with Inspector Leen at the Lain Post Office on 33rd Str. and 8th Ave. Inspector Reen stated that Assistant U.S. Atty Mattuck has been madiqued to handle this case and vould take the matter up with the Grand Jury, before the day set for hearing by the U.S. Commissioner; that the matter had been called to the attention of the Little Department by the Italian Ambassador, and who in turn, called it to the attention of the Postal Department.

hr. Keen seems to think this case is somewhat weak and is prepring another case under Section 211, U.S.C.C., charging subject with sending certain books through the mail, buth of which contain obscene matter, and one of them treating on methods to prevent conception. These books wear the following titles:

"Chasity and the Virgin State."
"The Art of Preventing Childbirth."

Attached to the washington copy of this report are excerpts taken from the above mentioned books and given to me by Inspector Keen.

The Bureau will be kept advised as to any further development in this case.

"L'A; i di Non Fare I Figli" "Neo althusianismo Practico"

(The Art of Freventing Childbirth) Practical New Malthusianism. A Book, 144 pa es, 11 chapters with Freface, Editor's Note and a reneral explanation of sex hygiene, by Ettorina Cecchi, female Medical Doctor, Bologna, Italy, 1921. Sold by Martello.

Following are the various subjects treated in each Chapter.

Chapter 1, page 19

On Malthusianism.....Masturbation and Prostitution Chapter 2, page 37

On New Malthusianism. Evelution of Sexual Instinct: the right of the sickly and disinherited people to resort to New-Malthusianism; the right to make free disposition of conception in progress; New Malthusianism as an asset to the human race and to society in general.

Chapter 3, page 51

Generative Organs. General reflections.

Chapter 4, page 57

Cenital Organs of the Male. Testicles, yeilding canal. sperm, seminal ducts, ejaculating canal, penis, prostrate and ~ cowper gland.

Chapter 5, page 77 The Phenomenon of Generation. Menstruation, Mechanism of coition and generation.

Chapter 7, page 85

Transmissible diseases

Chapter 8, page 95

Means to regulate and prevent conception. Interrupted coition, semi-withdrawal, coition between menstrual periods, condom, American cap, Pessary, anti-fecund spongs, absorbent cotton, s terilized cotton-wadding, cones,sterilized tablets, anti-fecund powders, antiseptic vaginal washes, the most anti-fecund and most hygenic means to follow. Chapter 9, page 113

The reason why we propagate New Malthusianism Chapter 10, page 135

Recommendations. A detriment to the individual, to family and to society when proceeding blindly.
Chapter 11, page 138

To Our Critics.....Conclusion

Translator's Note:

This book is, on the whole, instructive and rather educational if it weren't for those chapters devoted wholly or in part to the bare facts as regards the mutual interchange of private relations between male and female.

Genital Organs of the Female. Ovaries, ovules, titerus. womb.

(w)

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With full confidence in her knowledge of the subject, the authoress swings into line with an authority that cannot be questioned and she treats each and every subject down to its barest detail. It sounds more like a paper being read before a convention of medical authorities, and it should appear rather abominable to the average person desiring to live a clean life. In this respect it is obscene.

Following are the more important quotations as they appear in the original......excerpts that treat the subject of coition with the several methods suggested to prevent conception:

Page 4. "But before New Malthusianism becomes a right, as you will see further on, it is also a duty, and a duty that is not of secondary importance.

Chapter 8, page 95. "In the preceeding chapters we have explained how a woman gets into a fecund state....by a secretion of the seminal fluid from the male organs.....

It is not very difficult, therefore, to have sexual intercourse and enjoy it to its fullest measure without causing conception. All that is necessary is to prevent conception by mechanical means. The mechanical means are the coitum interruptum (complete withdrawal); the semi-withdrawal, coition between menstrual periods; the condom; the American cap; the pessary, anti-fecund sponge; absorbent cotton; and sterilized cotton wadding. The chemical means are, the cones, the various shaped tablets; anti-fecund powders; and the antiseptic vaginal washes."

The writer then goes into detail and describes the methods outlined, summarizes them, and places them in the order of their position, after deducting their faults and adding their advantages. But one fact is sure; she holds that only by employing any of the several methods outlined can coition take place without conception. She devotes some space to advice to her female readers on personal cleanliness and she gives several receipes that are good vagional washes and irrigations immediately after coition has taken place. All this is described in the interest of preventing conception.

(b) -- Continued on next page as Chapter 9.

Chapter 9 is devoted to the reasons why New Malthusianism is propagated, and the social question is treated at length. The authoress cites other authors on social subjects, and she points out the wrong in bringing children into the world that will not have a chance. (She says:

P. 113. "The greatest missortune that the proletariat can suffer (and this is legion) is the creation of children that will be denied physical and intellectual nourishment. Our duty towards our offspring should not start on the day it comes into being but rather before conception takes place Limiting chilábirth, the proletariat can gain advantageously. because solidarity would be strengthened, applications for labor would be diminished, over population would be checked The greatest comfort that can console the inquietude of a woman whether married or single, is to teach her those harmless easy methods that will prevent her from becoming a mother unless she wants to. Here lies the first step....the most essential step that leads to a real social emancipation. hen a woman begins to think of conditions, and is in a position to assure herself an honest living, independent of whatever help she may receive from her parents or her husband, she calso has a right to love, It is certain that physical love is neither noble nor exalting, but whether or not, why should this right be denied a woman if a man has that privilege? What force holds a woman to chastity? Moral love Therefore, bringing to the attention of the female all those practical methods of New Malthusianism, means 🤭 the establishment of the equilibrium of sexual morality and the prevention of crime....that is to give the brid the faculty of conserving all her physical attractions -by which man is led, and at the same time give her the means to rebel against any marital yoke, under which many, many mothers are wont to suffer for the love of their children. Intelligible It also means new life to that vast army of debilitated virgins living in a sphere that is unnatural, painful, unhealthy and degrading." Page 133. propaganda of limiting childbirth is necessary and helpful..... No t only in theory but also in practice New Malthusianism serves the purpose directly. It is the knowledge of practical ideas substituting those primitive methods that are neither same nor safe.

"In conclusion we will say that N ew Malthusianism means the emancipation of womanhood from the yoke of conception at a time when it is not desired, and from the bearing of many children not conducted to good health. free from committment to a life that makes her nothing more or less than a machine grinding out children. And we proclaim that New Malthusianism is an extremely important part of that feminine world having health and

intelligence, decidely more interested in this problem than the suffrage movement....."

Translated L. Chinchiolo, Aug. 8, 1923. (b)

conscious indiciousl; the fetus in the virgin state and the horror over the thought of marriage; the mania of maidenhood; infamous corruption determined not by the feeling produced but by the interest at stake; it is not necessary for a woman to have complete coition to become pregnant; the penalty of hypocracy.

Epilogue pare 215

Translator's note

This book could safely take its place among the collective text and reference books one would expect to find in the study of a medical student. It takes the subject of private relationship between man and woman as a mandate of nature and treats it in its entirety, leaving little to be desired. The authoress being a medical doctor goes into every phase, describes tils inter-relation from all angles and does not stop at modesty when a forceful issue is at stake. The cites mythology, biolical times and quoted saints and famous authors to bring her point home - to place maidenhood in the discard, thus slurring Christianity. Following are the most no table exerpts:

"The hymen is a vell like membrane that is broken with--out fracture at the first insertion of the penis or any other like shaped thing that is ward and durable.

"Sometimes, however, this scal of moidenhood (the Hymen) takes the form of a cartile e, and becomes so firm and stead-fast as to bear up under the repeated thrusts and penetrations directed esainst it, with the result that the poor bridegroom after having shed enough perspiration to saturate three shirts in the trying to evercome this obstacle that lies between him and his coverted love, winds up with the feeling that he has been evertaken by this encounter of ill-omen, and with the belief that he has mot with consequences not very pleasing.

"The integrity of the hymen membrance is not a sign of its virgin state. A girl can be in a virgin state, and still offer no obstacle to a penetration in the first coition undertaken, neither will there be any flow of blood present following the first love embrace culminating in coition.

"In other words, a maiden can be deflowered without

pain and without any sign of a blood flow.

"The above remarks will fill my male and female readers with extasy, but their astonishment will be doublefold when I tell them that, not only can a maiden enjoy her first coition without pain and without blood flow, but a prostitute can still have her hymen membrance intact even though she has been in a disorderly house for years practicing her so-called calling."

Translator's Note

(illegible)

The authoress advances every point to dispreve the senctity of a woman's honor as reflected in and represented by her inviolete hymen membrance. She cites the days of the 18th century when at Paris and Venice woman and barbers were engated in the ast of restoring broken hymen membrances to their virginal inviolate state. Continuing she says:

"It is not the secret one would think but since the world has ever been filled with people who do not stop to question those who are wont to fool them, everything sailed smoothly along even in spite of the fact that useful formulas appeared in books, released by superiors, The following is one of the formulas taken from the 'Piccolo Alberto' (Little Albert) a publication issued in the 17th century.

"Trascription to Easters the Hymen to its Original Ctats. (page 2)

"Taken one half ounce of terpentine, Pdv. Venezia (of a certain medical standard. Translator), then take a little milk from asparagus leaves, one half ounce of mineral crystal dipped in the juice of a lemon or the juice of a green apple; take the white of a fresh egg with a little cat flower, then make a pill having little consistencey and place it in the vaginia after this organ has been syringed with a solution of goal milk. After repeating this process five times the femule is restored once again to her virgin state. A similar effect can be had by repeated vaginal washes with a solution of 'Asteroid' water mixed with lemon juice."

The writer disputing the integrity of the hymen membrance quotes the following cases:

"Ecctor Delens in his book entitled (De Quelques vices de conformation de l'hyman dans leur rapport avec la medicine legale') issued in 1877 cites the following three cases: (page 24)

- "The first of these cases involves a young girl fifteen and one half years of age, who submitted to repeated attacks and assaults but who was found to be intact - defloration falling to take place......

"In the other two cases the situation has to do with a hymen with two holes. The aperture of one measuring two millimeters in dinmeter while the other measured seven millimeters.

*Prof. Braunn of Vienna refers to this curious fact, and points out how a girl can become pregnant without the slightest penetration of her hymen for instance;

"A young man seated at a piano, took his hostess' little daughter and sat her across his lap facing him. He started in to kish her and caress her, and raising her dress he brought his penis in contact with her vaginia and wetted her close to the womb in the impulse of the moment. All this happened so fast that the little sirl's mother and sister conversing in the next room with the door wide open were unaware of what transpired.

"This listle girl became pregnant although the integrity of her hymen was not violated. It was found to be intect.

On Face 92, the writer says:

"The saveges go around nude because sexual intercourse to them is of faint moral importance. To them it is just another function like eating, sleeping and drinking.

"From the stories of travellers and from the book called 'Oli smori degli MANTHYM Uomini' (the love affairs of men. Translator) we come to understand how even to this very day sexual intercourse among some African tribes have as much importance as Diogenes attributed to it when one day he was seen in the act right out in public. When asked what he was doing he replied: "Oh, nothing; I'm just planting a future man."

Translated by 5. Chinchiola, August 11, 1923

(33)

NJD-WS

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

Washington

August 25, 1923

Hon. William J. Burns, Director, Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Burns:

I have your letter of the 22nd instant and also that of the 24th, concerning the case against Carlo Tresca, publisher of "Il Martello."

The same have been noted, and I thank you very much for the information.

Respectfully yours,

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE AUG : 6 1923

Solicitor.

1 2 1923 AUG 28 1923 A. M

JUH-AS



August 28, 1923.

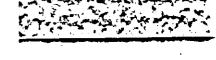
in His

MILIDRAIDUM POR BUREAU FILES.

I am attaching hereto a copy of the article appearing in "11 Martello", the Italian Anarchist paper of New York, of which Carlo Tresca is editor. lt is a translation of an issue of May 5, 1923 and is the article upon which Presen has been arrested for the violation of the Postal laws.

Very truly yours,

Director.





HON YORK CITY

(Nasuo of Mag 5, 1923 - page 1, columns 5 and 6) page 2,cols.1A2)

Quido indreces, the somethous ex-writer of anti-clorical permography, placed himself in the ranks of the scandalized - the fuscisti, who, like the Ku Klax Klan, delight in putting on airs of the Euritane and of the crushders of public morality. Deing rather outspoken and because we are hating morarchism, and all that goes with it, with all the strongth of our soul, we are not beging our hands reverently at the passing by of the royal primess, who from samps the puppers and the vascals fetched hercelf one to the alter in order to join hands with him; the riding-

This is what this ex-socialist, the ex-athoist, now a faccist and a bigot, is writing in the "krogrosso" of April 14:

"Should the Panel be forbidden to conduct the propagants of nationalism and constitutionalism (which should be received with theres by any government) while it be permitted to imposition to beloud through systematic abuse the honor of the It-lian royal Princesses; while every week those printed wheets are being distributed by the thousands in the mining tops as the only resulting matter of our plain norman who learn that the government of Ausselini is a government of this was ind he himself a marderer; that no money be sent to Italy because of her being in state of bandruptcy?"

No. nobody will dispute the right of conducting propagants for

neticualism, we in the least, because we are the flag bearers of free

the Savoyan momerchism dripping with blood and dirt, a polygon with a thousand temtacles sucking the blood and sweat of the body of the livelian people.

That story of our "systematic shuse of the honor of the royal princesses" made its round through the world . . . of the colonies, and not a few "simpletons" secretly shed their tears over it.

Aside from the fact that the insults and aboves of the homor of the princess, so much token to heart by the decrepit and decaying Ouido, never were uttered, the business of those latest paladine rising to the defence of the Sevoyans is logical and most natural.

In the courts, an even the yokels of the Homen countrysides known it, one is living by sommals only and the Italian court, naturally, is not frame of this common worm which (like the rotting away of Alfonso of Spain and the syphilis of the ex-Kaiser) is growing at the bases of the throne and at the so-called divine right.

Between seandals and gossip there can be no look of temptations.

Therefore, spicy stories of Recessorism flavor are being circulated, the main actors in which are the royal princes and princesses. And why not? Are perhaps the king, the princes, the princesses and the queens shielded against the public eye so as to be able to pass their days in bacelymule of passion and debauchery without knowing that we the rebeliconcolasts are tearing down the veils of hypocrisy in order to lay bare

the divine right?

That which which the summer disputable and) mated to brother describe forewar and all?

At my wore to pay that Ring Alphanto bears upon his body the most department of a speed debanated and conveytod; the Liphaneo

bones of his head, the various Bodresons would ensure in the fessist fashion I don't give a funk, I don't give a funk.

And if we ware to tall the historical emediate about the young, vigorous and valiant courtier by the name of Schmettan, whom Frederick the Great, the symical friend of Voltaire, called one day to the palace, ordering and commanding him ... to cause the increase of the size of the illustricus niece, in order that heirs be born to the Mohamsollerns?

If we would say, in other words, that the Eniser is the spews of the magranisous loins ... of that young corrupted sam, Sobsettam, the fascisti would chearfully admit it; we know that.

Podrecca should know that of the stories in Boccaccian fashion of the royal houses, no longer known or being told, one relates to Victor Huge as having hurled against Kapeleon III, the son of Bortonse Beamharnais and of ingene Hontije, the word: "you noither are the son of your father nor the father of your son".

But, should we relate the story of the butcher of Regio Imperials."
near Florence, the anonymous father of Victor Zmantel II, the Father of
the Country, who was substituted for the original Savoyan, burned to
death in the ducal castle of Poggio, the fascisti would, together in
chorus, utter howle sounding ... like gramps rather than human voices;
shut up, descorator.

The object of it is that the Italian royal family should pass as the model of virtue; such being the wish of the scribes of the royal and court journalism.

Those gentlemen here an interest in gentling on the rise of the memorahist and Severes property on, we one can black to 42 ma, for succeeded in checking the trouble. The Cirams of the house of Savois remains incorrigible. Averybody knows of it in Florence, and in Hilam he was nearly implicated in a scandal of the round table.

The Dure of Aceta who make many a conquect among the virgins of the partomopeon aristocracy, has been compelled to seek rafuge behind the doors of a convent after, as the story goes, having received some slaps in the face from his betrayed wife?

And it is not gossip only. This is a historical amendote.

While in Florence, the Duke of Turin fell desperately in love with a "domi-virgin" who knds her may through all the private spartments of the officials of the garrison. He succeeded in a might of passion to gain possession of her, but it sout him a poarl necklade worth 50,000 lire and a disease which is carable with paramaganate of potassium. Fell, and the king? Has it. Advocas perhaps forgottem the compaign of Eduardo Scarfoglio, who uncovered the most intimate advontures of the Prince of Roples, a compaign concluded only when Emanuel of Seveia loosemed the strings of his private purse?

It would be better not to talk of the glorified amsterity of the royal house. Surfice it to mention at this opportunity Holon Petrovich. the intirate confidente in the shulteries of the counters of frigons; it also appears that the queen displayed a contagious sensuality while having everything related to her by her friend.

And what about the sminul love affairs of Victor Remnol II? House Laura Bon, the sources, into whose hands, at that time, the Rame of Scrola, Victor Remnol, poured Segrents of sold? She same Victor Immuel she would get up in the marning from the heat of adultary and so to the language among threads of all the state. At the minute before, the people was that and the state of the language and the season of the language and the language

stantly assuring her of his endless love for her, she doubting the words of the king. There was heard a rustling of clothes.

Your Pajesty, faintly whispored lours into the ear of the lover, there is a woman in the bushes.

He turned and recognised her majesty, the queen, prounding so as to everyhear his convergation interrupted with kisses. $\frac{1}{2}$

The queen rose and passing in front of their hiding place called out the name of the humband in a reprinanding tone of voice "Vittorio!!!"

And further, the love affairs of Unberto I, with the dushess little, the wife of another man, also taken possession of by "the father of the country," are they not known to ledwoon?

When Marginerita learned of the betrayal, there were very violent scenes.

He, Unborto, was donying it. She, Margherita, cried and told him that she would loave him and surrender her post to his lover. To keep the scandal within the palace Victor families II felt obliged to withdraw to Monze. At that the when the "Futher of the Country" was in the glory of the monarchy the wall of Monze his was demolished.

During the convergation ensued between him and Rugherita she took off the wedding ring and three it on the table.

Enjorty, I am returning the ring which is not mine. Unberto may give it to whom he pleases.

And Duchess Litta ... she has cost the "good king" another twenty millions.

On you! This string is rather long. And we brought forth a for opposed only, sufficient to move that the atmosphere of the Court is not as pure as it has been represented these days by the impact on.

have love agains, these states and stude Real of

record the people tears of blood. In the final accounting it is the records that pay ... to the king 16,650,000 line annually besides the appearance to the princers, the dukes, the princerses and the counts and to all the volves and whelps, as well as to the hyenes of the royal saraglio.

The "Progresso" with its article of Guido Podressa, is joining the "Waglio" of Wilkes-Borre invoking a crusado against us, who are "injuring the honor of the royal princesses."

There was no injury. And admitting even that the royal atmosphere just described as well as your princesses are as pure as florers and so lilies, what does all this concern us?

Respect for weem? Int you dare, you, the feasist riffrest, to some out in the defence of woman? You are speaking here of the royal woman.

But the describers of the people, those you have forgetten?

The clarical papers, the "Italia" of Milan and the "Momente" of furin, reported that the Fascisti of San Bernardine having entered the home of Process Satti, a war invalid suffering from tuberculosis, have beaten his mather and violated his young and pure sister.

In Alessand is, this being reported by the "Stamps" of Turin, they have out of: the hair on the head of the school teacher Pincontini and painted her face with varnish. In Greeges, Abrussi, the sother of the mayor, inequale Goglismo Magno, 75 years old, has been tied and forced to drink a quart of easter oil.

You offered as secondrels, brutal viole
sent up and also this knewish posing as no!

The world like to make the play of the set. So you consider the fever forder the second section of the second seco

You may raise to the skies, like the braying of the asses, the chorus of graise of the virtue of the royal damsel. We who know that every gon worn by Yelanda in her wedding crown is made of tears and blood, and of flesh of the people, are once more raising the outery with all the strongth of our soul: Down with the monarchy!

Thus also emical once Guido Redrecca, he who today is kissing the slipper of the lope and is holding the candle to the princesses ...
pining away of love.

Ego Sun.

S. M. Willman, being first duly sworn, doposes and says that
the matter attached heroto, comprising seven typewritten shoots,
upon each of which I have written my name, numbered consecutively
from one to seven, inclusive, is a true and complete translation
of the article entitled "Down with the Monarchy" appearing on
page 1, columns 5 and 6, and page 2, portions of columns 1 and 2,
of the publication entitled "Il Martello" dated at New York, N. Y.,
May 5, 1925.

Many E. 1925.*

August 5, 1027.

Subscribed and evern to before me this 3rd day of Angust, 1925.

Signed A. B. Keefe

August 28, 1923.

MEMORANDUM FOR BUREAU FILES.

I am attaching hereto a copy of the article appearing in "Il Martello", the Italian Anarchist paper of New York, of which Carlo Tresca is editor. It is a translation of an issue of May 5, 1928 and is the article upon which Tresca has been arrested for the violation of the Postal laws.

Very truly yours,

Marod or.

MAILED

61-1335-123

M. A. pompilley.

Mating Collection, Foot Office Department.

Washington, 3.0.

Dour Sir:

I am in receipt of your communication of the 30th altino, in which you musto a letter received by you from to t Urages ingestor 9. A. seden of New York City concerning the necessity of Mr. S. M. Willman, employee of this Bureau, an earing in her York City in connection with proceedings against Barls Trassa.

If you will advise me as to when it is desired to he we have the letter in How took, I will be worp glad indeed to direct him to be in New York at that time in order that his services may be available to the Post Office Department.

If there is any further assistance which this Bureau can render in this very important matter, you should feel at liberty to call upon it.

1/CO* B-1/53

Post Office Department

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

Mashington

August 27, 1923.

1334

Hon. William J. Burns, Director, Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.



Dear Lir. Burns:

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 24th instant, enclosing translation of an article appearing in "Il Martello" for July 8, 1923, entitled "The Dynasty of Treachery and Infamy," which will have prompt attention.

very truly yours,

Acting Solicitor.

SED 5 1923

8EP 12 1923 67-1335-124

GL #335-124